Middletown Transcript.

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IS hereby congratulated on the fact that he has spread freely before him

The ADVERTISEMENT of

ROCKHILL
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The Best and Oldest Established Clothing House of Philadelphia.

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Would say to all the subscribers, and all of their male neighbors and relations, that they have made the most ample preparations for an immense business for the present Fall.

ROCKHILL & WILSON

Have laid in an immense stock of the most desirable goods, both of American Manufacture and of Foreign Importation, from which they offer the most delightfully fitting suits, either ready-made or to order at the shortest possible notice.

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Invite gentlemen from the surrounding Country, Towns, Cities and Villages, to call at their GREAT BROWN STONE HALL, 603 and 605 CHESTNUT STREET, where they will find opportunity to select from the abundance of elegant Fall apparel, at lower prices than anywhere else in town.

Respectfully yours,

ROCKHILL & WILSON,
GREAT BROWN STONE HALL,
603 and 605 CHESTNUT Street,
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sept. 25—3m

NEW STOVE, TIN,
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

THOMAS H. ROTHWELL'S
NEW BUILDING,
North Side of Main Street, 4 Buildings West of Town Hall,

Middletown, Delaware.

Where he has constantly on hand, and is prepared to manufacture

ALL KINDS OF TIN WARE,
At Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to

ROOFING AND SPOUTING.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

STOVES.

THE NATIONAL,
CONTINENTAL,
ORIENTAL,
CHARM,
GEM,
SUN,
LITTLE GIANT,
BRILLIANT,

Prize and the Victor Cook.

Orders will be received and promptly filled for any kind of Stove that may be ordered.

GALVANIZED RUSSIA AND SHEET IRON ZINC,
COAL HODS, SEIVES,
POKERS, SHOVELS,
TEA KETTLES, BAKE PANS, WAFFLE IRONS
SAD IRONS, BRASS & ENAMELLED
PRESERVING KETTLES,
ENAMELLED SAUCE PANS,
TEA BELLS, JAPANNED CHAMBER BUCKETS,
SPITTOONS, WAITERS, LANTERNS,
FLOUR AND PEPPER BOXES,
SAND CUPS, MATCH SAFES (Cast Iron,)
MOLASSES CUPS,
PEACH CANS,
(Soldered and Self-Sealing)
PATENT CLOTHES FRAMES, &c. &c. &c.

Attention is respectfully called to our new

FAMILY & RESTAURANT STOVE

Which is especially adapted to stewing, frying, and broiling oysters.

No wood, no coal, no coal gas, no stove pipe, no ashes, no dirt, no wood boxes, no coal scuttles, no kindling wood but a friction match, and the fire in full blast in half a minute, oven hot in two minutes, steak broiled in seven minutes, bread baked in thirty minutes, the fire extinguished in a moment. It has no rival in all kinds of cooking, and in economy, convenience, neatness, safety and durability.

Please call and examine it in operation at

Thomas H. Rothwell's Stove Store,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Sole owner of the stove for the State.

Prompt attention to business, moderate prices, competent workmen, and a determination to please, may at all times be expected by those who may favor him with their custom.

Aug. 28—y

Select Poetry.

TO THE GOLDEN-ROD.

ON FIRST SEEING IT THIS YEAR.

Wlecome, dear Golden-rod, once more,
Thou mimic flowering elm:
I always think that summer's store
Hangs from thy laden stem.

The columbines have hid away
Before the glowing sun;
The cardinals awhile delay
To bow their orison.

Midmost the joyous time of flowers,
Holding thy wealth of gold,
Thou mak'st us quite forget the hours
Agone, the hours untold.

Soon as thy pale buds turn to gold
Autumn draws near apace;
Yet not till all thy heads are told
Does Summer hide her face.

Poised on thy double bending spray,
In happy, halting mind,
Summer seems loth to fly away,
And loth to bide behind.

Now, whisper to me, little flower,
The secret that thou hast:
By sweetest will, or strangest power,
To hold the summer fast.

Was Summer throned in arched sky
Above thy bending gold,
And did she lay her queenship by
To nestle in thy fold?

I know that thou dost answer me
With thy wise, cheery nod:
What wisdom might I learn of thee
In time, dear Golden-rod!

When lying on the green hillside,
I see whole fields aflower,
I too like Summer fain would bide,
And know thy gentle power.

I think that I should like to stray
Adown the columned aisle,
And then 'neath golden archway pray
For Summer heart the while.

Original Sketch.

LINDENWALD.

The Home of the Late Martin Van Buren.

Written for the Middletown Transcript.

BY B. S. T.

To reach *Lindenwald*, the favorite habitation of the Sage of the Albany Regency, one can take an easy and airy car of the Harlem Railway, at 7 A. M. and arriving at Kinderhook station, 126 miles from New York city, about 12 M. from thence to old Kinderhook village, Columbia county, N. Y. six miles away, by stage. Or, if in the travelling season, the tourist delights to view the charming scenes on the Hudson, from the commencement of the Palisades to the termination of the Highlands just above West Point, with the noble Catskills in the distance, then by all means take the swift and magnificent Albany day boat, which will land him at Stuyvesant Landing, by 3 P. M. six miles from Lindenwald, or Kinderhook, where as in the other route a mail stage awaits passengers.

The Hudson River Rail Road is still another mode of transit, but the two first are preferable.

Before alluding farther to the pleasant spot where Ex-President Matty Van—as he is familiarly called by the towns-people—was wont to receive his friends in days past, perhaps a short account of his political career will not be inappropriate at this stage of our jottings.

The Eighth President of the United States was born in the pleasant and thriving village of Kinderhook, now numbering about 2500 inhabitants, September 5th, 1782. His parents were respectable and frugal Dutch Hollanders, but were not considered by any means leading citizens of the place. *Aaron Burr* was a boarder in the family at one time, and Matty was a protege of that celebrated individual. Perhaps it was Burr who first gave him an insight into law and political matters; at all events, he received the best education that could then be obtained in the schools in his immediate vicinity. Having sufficiently prepared himself for the study of law, he entered the office of Francis Sylvester, Esq, the leading lawyer of Kinderhook, where he remained six years. But law did not engross his whole time; he found leisura occasionally to peer into the mysteries of political economy, and finally arrived at the conclusion that his chances for fame and fortune were at least equal in the arena of politics to anything he might accomplish by a strict adherence to legal pursuits. Fully impressed with this idea, he early set about cultivating what little popularity could be gained in his limited sphere, and so won upon the confidence of his neighbors and friends as to be appointed, while yet in his *teens*, a delegate to a convention in his native county, in which important political measures were to be acted upon.

We can imagine that at this early stage in the political world, he saw the extended influence of the *Federalistic Essex Junto*—which had its seat of power in Eastern Massachusetts, and exercised almost unlimited sway over the politics of this country, until its disappearance from the scene at the termination of the war with England.

In 1808, he was appointed Surrogate of Columbia County, the first public office he ever held; and in 1812, and 1816, he was elected to the State Senate, in which body he became a distinguished leader of the Madison party, and one of its most eloquent supporters.

In 1821, he was elected to the United States Senate, in which he held his seat for nearly eight years, and became remarkable not only for his close attention to business, but also for his devotion to the great principles of the Democratic party.

In 1828, he was elected Governor of New York State, and entered upon his duties of that office on the first day of January, 1829; but he filled the gubernatorial chair for only a few weeks.

In March following, when General Jackson was elevated to the Presidency, he tendered to Mr. Van Buren the post of Secretary of State, which was accepted. At the expiration of two years he resigned his seat in the Cabinet, and was immediately appointed Minister to England; but when his nomination was submitted to the Senate, June 25th, 1831, it was rejected by the casting vote of the Vice-President, Hon. John C. Calhoun, and of course he was recalled. As his friends attributed his rejection entirely to personal and political rancor, it only served to raise Mr. Van Buren in the estimation of his political adherents; and the result was, that in May following he was nominated with great unanimity for the Vice-Presidency by the Democratic Convention at Baltimore. His triumphant election was regarded not merely as a high compliment to himself, but as a wholesome rebuke to his opponent.

In 1836, he was put in nomination for the chief magistracy, to which he was elected by a large majority over General Harrison; but at the next Presidential election, the tables were turned, and he only received sixty votes out of two hundred and ninety-four. After his defeat, he returned to Lindenwald, where he remained a few months, and then made an extensive tour through Europe, with his son, Prince John Van Buren,—the idolized bachelor of that period, both in New York and London.

Not long after his return, he consented to become once more a candidate for the Presidency, and in 1848 received the nomination of the Free Soil party; but he did not secure a single electoral vote. Since then, he had little to do with political affairs, but always came into town to vote the straight democratic ticket on election day. It is not known how he voted in the contest of 1860, but he was favorable to the election of Ex-President James Buchanan.

The Hunker Democracy of his native town and all over the state, were ever afterwards his political enemies, after his inauguration—with his son John—of the Free Soil Party, of 1848, which was gotten up solely to defeat the prospects of General Cass. Previously he was the pet and idol of the town and county, and not a democrat was too good to do him homage, but now, the old residents and their descendants say that Matty done wrong—to betray his party so. Consequently, when he died he was without honor in his own adjacent county. The Dutchmen lay all the blame to the late John Van Buren, and a few other prominent lights of that day.

We may expect rich revelations concerning the past political world, in the forthcoming autobiography of Thurlow Weed, late of the Albany Evening Journal, who, of all others, has seen more of the intrigues of political leaders than any other living man probably, as he was situated at Albany over 40 years, when both parties planned their future campaigns, and he, a prominent actor in one of them.

Lindenwald is about two miles south of Kinderhook, on high, rolling ground, and is situated in a noble cluster of tall English linden trees,—whence the name. The whole estate comprises about 250 acres, and was kept in a nice state of cultivation when its owner was alive, as the Ex-President was of a frugal turn of mind and always farmed to profit.

The house is of brick, 40 by 60 feet, in the style of a Roman villa, with a high tower containing a bell, and every way comports with the ideas which would seem to cling to a retired politician, who after a life filled with such vicissitudes wishes to spend the balance of his days with a few friends, and amid agricultural scenes.

It is approached on either hand, by a nicely graveled carriage-way, and the visitor alights beneath a high stone porch, supported by high brown stone columns The whole is three stories in height. As you enter the broad hall-way, of twenty feet in width, elegantly painted, extending through the entire building, the first door to the right leads into the parlors; while on the left, the reception room is in front, then the library, with the dining-room in the rear. The library, fronting the south, was the centre of attraction for visitors, as here the *sage* was accustomed to sit, write, chat and play *whist* with his *particular* town friends. He was exceedingly democratic in his views and dress, and during the last eight or ten years of his life he wore a favorite white hat both in summer and winter, which he was exceedingly fond of. This hat was low in the crown, with a broad rim, and was presented to him several years since in New Orleans. Every year he would have it repaired, at one time, have the crown cut down; at another, a new rim perhaps, or a new lining and band for a variety; so in that way he kept it in a presentable shape all these years.

In this same library, with a large bay window filled with rare flowers, the old war horses of the Democracy came here in this retired spot, to counsel with the cunning diplomat, with reference to the administration of party affairs. Let us name some of these important politicians of those days, who, in connection with their leader, styled themselves as the *Albany Regency*, though rising into prominence nearly fifty years ago, has left its traces upon our politics even to this day. Its original members were Martin Van Buren, Roger Skinner, United States Judge; Samuel A. Talcott, Attorney General; Azariah C. Flagg, Secretary of State, and then Comptroller; Benjamin F. Butler—no relation of Spoons Butler—law partner of Van Buren, and subsequently Jackson's Attorney General; and Edwin Croswell, editor of the *Albany Argus*. The death of Skinner, and the retirement of Talcott, made room for two politicians and statesmen, whose names became to the Democracy of the whole Union familiar as household words—William L. Marcy and Silas Wright, who more than filled the places of Skinner and Talcott. But these sagacious men, with their leader, have passed away, with the celebrated Regency—which, fell in 1844.

The political autocrat was an early riser, and directed his farm affairs for the day at sunrise, and was ready for a horse back ride after an early breakfast, to call upon the neighboring Dutch farmers—for most all in that town are of Holland extraction—whom he delighted to converse with on agricultural matters, or any other topic, with the exception of politics. He was long a widower, as his first, and only wife, died February 5th, 1819, in the thirty-sixth year of her age. She was the daughter of Judge Vanderpool, of Albany, with whom Martin was a law partner, after his removal to Albany in early life. During the last decade, the Ex-President might be seen daily, at the hour of 11 A. M. entering town on his favorite pony, to get his mail matter which he always came after even through rain and sleet.

He was a short, compact, little man, with a keen eye, high, broad forhead, surmounted with thin white hair, firm mouth, grey side whiskers, taciturn with some, jovial and frank with others. To a stranger, his whole phiz would indicate that he was no ordinary man, but a long-headed and cute observer of everything.

His brother Major Van Buren, was long the post-master of Kinderhook, and held that office until his death, which occurred two years since. He held at various times other minor offices in town, but he was nothing like Martin in ability.

On the 24th day of July, 1862, this distinguished man passed away, at the ripe age of eighty years, and was interred in the village cemetery, on the Albany turnpike, one mile out of town, among his ancestors. The funeral was not a very large one, on account of the excitement pertaining to our late civil war, and he being a Democrat, very few strangers were present; but as a general thing the towns-people of all shades of politics showed proper respect on that occasion. A plain granite shaft, twenty feet in height, with a pedestal of the same material five feet in altitude, has been raised to his memory in the northern section of the cemetery, with these inscriptions: Martin Van Buren, 8th Prest. U. S. Died July 24, 1862. Hannah Van Buren, wife, died February 5th, 1819, in the 36th year of her age.

To the left of the monument two well-worn marble slabs mark the graves of his father and mother, as follows: Abraham Van Buren, died April 8th, 1828, aged 81 years. Mary Van Buren, died February, 16th, 1818, aged 71.

One who knows, states that the Ex-President did not touch a cent of his salary while President, but drew the cool one hundred thousand dollars from the U. S. Treasury, on one check, at the expiration of his term of office. It is supposed that he left about two hundred thousand dollars, to be divided among three sons. Prince John was the executor, and sold the Lindenwald estate to the celebrated Leonard W. Jerome, of Jerome Park fame, at a casual meeting at the Manhatten Club House, on Fifth Avenue, in 1866, for thirty-six thousand dollars, who only lived there one season, and then being tired of it, disposed the whole to Mr. Wilder, of Boston, Mass. the present occupant, for twenty-six thousand dollars. The land is all under a high state of cultivation and is worth two hundred dollars an acre at least.

The first Washington *state carriage* of the Ex-President may be seen in the barn of Bradley's Hotel, Kinderhook, which, by the addition of a coat of paint, new lining, and hammer-cloth, would be made nearly as good as new, and much more grand than the fashionable vehicle now in use.

With this brief and incomplete description of the mansion and home of the distinguished manager of our political affairs of a former period, we leave the scene in the hands of your readers, and hope that an abler pen will in the future, give to the world more interesting matter concerning the Sage of Lindenwald.

NEW YORK, October, 1869.

Charles Dickens thus accounts for his *nom de plume* "Boz": "Boz was the nickname of a pet child, a younger brother, whom I have dubbed 'Moses,' in honor of the Vicar of Wakefield, which being facetiously pronounced through the nose, became Boses, and being shortened became Boz. 'Boz' was a very familiar household word to me long before I was an author, so I came to adopt it."

Lindley Muray, the ungrammatical grammarian, is said to have resided for twenty-two years in one front parlor without once going out, attended upon by a kindly old maid, enamored of his principles and his preterplu-perfects, living chiefly on boiled mutton and turnips, and solacing himself in the intervals of conjugating verbs by grinding a barrel-organ.

Wit and Humor.

POPPING THE QUESTION.

Lord Justice Clerk Braxfield was a man of few words and strong business habits. In courting his second wife, his procedure was entirely illustrative of the peculiarities of his character. Calling for the lady, he said to her, without preliminary remarks: —"Lizzie, I am looking out for a wife, and I thought you just the person that would suit me. Let me have your answer, yes or no, the morn, and nae maire aboot it." The lady the next day replied in the affirmative.

Perhaps he repented his precipitancy, for when a butler gave warning, on account of Mrs. Braxfield's scolding propensities, the Judge replied:

"Lord, mon, ye've little to complain o'; ye may be thankfu' ye're no married to her."

The late Professor D. was prior to his appointment to his chair, rector of an academy in Forfarshire. He was particularly reserved in his intercourse with the fair sex; but, in prospect of obtaining a professorship, he ventured to make proposals to a lady. They were walking together, and the important question was put without preliminary sentiment or notes of warning. Of course the lady replied a gentle "No!" The subject was immediately dropped; but the parties soon met again. "Do you remember," at length said the lady, "a question which you put to me when we last met?" The professor said that he did remember. "And do you remember my answer, Mr. D.?" "O yes," said the professor. "Well, Mr. D." proceeded the lady, "I have been led, on consideration, to change my mind." "And so have I," dryly responded the professor. He maintained his bachelorhood to the close.

POULTICING THE WRONG MAN.—A curious story is going the rounds, of a mistake in a mustard poultice at a hotel. A lady, whose husband was suffering from cold, got up at midnight and went below to fetch a mustard poultice. In her agitation she mistook the room on her return, and went into one where there was a light burning as dimly as in that she left—a room altogether similiar, and apparently her husband in bed fast asleep. She applied the mustard poultice to his chest, and sat quietly by his bedside till it began to draw. It did draw; but it drew an infuriated scream from the poor fellow who had been the subject of her unconscious solicitude. At the sound of the unaccustomed voice the nature of the accident which had befallen her and her patient was at once visible, and she rushed headlong from the mustarded man into the arms of her liege lord. Both parties told their story the next day, and had to leave amidst the laughter of the hotel occupants.

THE TRADITIONAL OLD MAN.—Mark Twain thus describes, in the Buffalo Express, a remarkable citizen of that place: John Wagner, the oldest man in Buffalo —104 years—recently walked a mile and a half in two weeks. He is as cheerful and bright as any of those other old men that charge around so in the newspapers, and is in every way as remarkable. Last November he walked five blocks in a rain storm, without any shelter but an umbrella and cast his vote for Grant, remarking that he had voted for forty-seven Presidents—which was a lie. His "second crop of rich brown hair" arrived from New York yesterday, and he has a new set of teeth coming—from Philadelphia. He is to be married next week to a girl 102 years old who still takes in washing. They have been engaged eighty years, but their parents persistently refused their consent until three days ago.

Avoid quotations, unless you are well studied in the import, and feel their pertinence. Our friend Jones, the other day, while looking at the skeleton of an ass which had been dug out of a sandpit, and admiring and wondering at the structure of that despised animal, made a very unfortunate use of one. "Ah," said he, with the deepest humility, and a simplicity worthy of La Fontaine, "*we* are fearfully and wonderfully made!"

Curran, who was Master of the Rolls in Ireland in 1811, tells a characteristic anecdote of a member of the Irish Parliament. Boasting of his attachment to the jury system, "Mr. Speaker," said he, "with trial by jury I have lived, and by the blessing of God, with trial of jury I will die!" "What!" said Curran, in a stage-whisper, "do you mean to be hanged, Jack?"

Babies are said to resemble wheat in many respects: First, neither are good for much till they arrive at maturity; second, both are bread in the house, and are also the flower of the family; third, both have to be cradled; fourth, both are generally well thrashed before they are done with.

A couple of fellows who were pretty thoroughly soaked with bad whiskey got into the gutter. After floundering about for a few minutes, one of them said: "Jim let's go to another house—this hotel leaks."

Many a poor actor who receives a round of applause would prefer a round of beef.

Laying down the law—Flooring a counsellor.

MOUNDS AND THEIR BUILDERS.

To the American Antiquarian there is scarcely any department of his study so interesting, and yet supplied with so indefinite a data, as the Ancient Mound Builders and their curious remains. The following interesting account of their location and character, by L. S. Metcalf, we give as presenting the main features of the wonderful creation of an extinct race, in a well condensed form.

"There once lived over nearly the whole of this country, a race of people of whom we have not the slightest trace in history; that they were numerous and ingenious is about all that is certainly known of them. Where they came from, how long they existed, what were their principles of government, what became of them, and a thousand other queries that arise, can only be answered by conjecture. Considerable similarity is found between their relics and more modern works in Central America, from which it is inferred that they disappeared in that direction, or else that the last remaining portion became the origin of the present race of Central America and Mexican Indians.

No remains of them are found in the New England States, but all over the prairie lands of the West, and down the Mississippi valley, from Pennsylvania to the Rocky Mountains, and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf, their monuments are scattered.

It was early noticed by European settlers that certain large mounds or hills in the district mentioned were too symmetrical in form to have been of natural origin. The character and habits of the Indians not then being well understood, the work was at first attributed to them, and the idea was strengthened by the finding of Indian graves in the mounds, but near their surface. Investigation has shown conclusively that their builders were another entirely distinct people. The hills are perfectly conical in shape, and are composed of alternate layers of loam and gravel. Trees many hundred years old grow upon them, proving their extreme age. By digging in a directly perpendicular line from the apex to the base, a large structure of stone resembling an alter, and a few tools, are always found, usually also some small articles of strange shape and unknown to use, and in some instances human remains are discovered. The tools are of copper, and possess a hardness and temper much like that of steel, the art of producing which in soft metals is not known at the present day. The human remains indicate that the men were of large size, with well developed heads, entirely different in shape from those of the North American Indians.

The town of Circleville, Ohio, takes its name from an extensive system of ancient earthworks upon which its stands. These works comprise large ridges running at right angles and forming great squares in regular rows, as though intended for the foundations for buildings. A very high and wide ride surrounds the whole, and from this wall to the Ohio River near by, extends, a roadway or inclined plane.

At the summits of several mountains, high above surrounding peaks, and in places very difficult of approach, are square chambers, cut down into the solid rock, and evidently intended for defense.

In the vicinity of Lake Superior, traces of the Mound Builders are quite abundant. There they obtained the copper for their tools. Their manner of operating was to break out the ore in masses. The effects of the long action of time upon the remains are very marked, and the same kind of implements are found here which are discovered in the mound.

A systematic and thorough examination of all the relics, it is understood, is now being made, and it is to be hoped that more light may be obtained upon a subject so interesting.

A BEAUTIFUL INCIDENT.—A Naval officer being at sea in a dreadful storm, his wife who was sitting in the cabin near him, and filled with alarm for the safety of the vessel, was so surprised with his composure and serenity that she cried out:

"My dear are you not afraid? How is it possible you can be so calm in such a dreadful storm?"

He arose from his chair, lashed to the deck, supporting himself by a pillar of the vessel, drew his sword, and, pointing it to the breast of his wife, exclaimed:

"Are you afraid of that sword?" She instantly answered "No."

"Why?" said the officer.

"Because," rejoined the lady, "I know that it is in the hands of my husband, and he loves me too well to hurt me."

"Then," said he, "remember, I know in whom I believe, and that He holds the winds in His fists, and the water in the hollow of his hands."

DAYS FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP.—The following days of the week are those set apart for public worship in different nations:—Sunday or Lord's Day, by Christians; Monday, by the Grecians; Tuesday, by the Persians; Wednesday, by the Assyrians; Thursday, by the Egyptians; Friday, by the Turks; Saturday, by the Jews.

An English paper says it is not at all an uncommon thing for ladies travelling in first-class railway-carriages to cut down and carry away the silk curtains of the windows for the purpose of making aprons of them. So general did the practice become on one line, that all new curtains were made of material that was not worth stealing.

THE CEDARS OF LEBANON.

Felled with an unsparing hand, neglected by a desolate and oppressed people, these famous cedar groves had shrunk gradually away, leaving a naked and melancholy waste, where once was unfading coolness, and the gloom at noonday, so welcome to the weary. The inhabitant, who once "made his nest beneath the pleasant branches," was now compelled to lay his head on the rock; one group was still left, on which the tempest and the lightning had spent their fury for ages; but the trunks were unscathed, the foliage unwithered. Thousands of years ago the kings of the earth built their palaces and temples from these noble trees, and thought that their glory and beauty were to be forever; but time had smote them like the thistle on the hill. The people looked on the trees with reverence, and every one cut pieces from the branches, to be treasured as relics, and borne to their various homes; they were about twenty in number, of immense size, being about thirty or forty feet in circumference, with divers rows of branches, stretching straight out, as though they were kept by art; some young cedar trees had been planted around by the hands of others, but it was only to grow up and die. The part of the mountain where they stood was a small plain, around which rose the high and snow covered peaks, whose white mantle no summer took away; it looked like a solitary world; the only thing that triumphed over the wide decay that had come down on city, temple and forest, was this single and eternal group of cedars; each year saw them put forth their rich and proud foliage, and the same shadows that had sheltered the princes of Tyre and Judea now waved over the lonely group of Christians. One tree alone of the group had fallen, long since, it was said by some; according to others, but a few years ago; but whether blown down by the storms, or leveled at last by age, it was not easy to decide. Slowly the hand of decay came over it; for while some of the branches were withering and put forth no leaves, the rest were yet green and feebly flourishing; for the struggle for life was still strong in the noble tree.

THE PROFITS OF THE TURF.—The profits of horse-racing in England, in some cases, are very large, while in other instances the owners of racing stables—for example, the Marquis of Hastings and the Duke of Northumberland—have squandered magnificient fortunes, and reduced themselves to absolute poverty. The *Pall Mall Gazette* adds up the winnings of Blue Gown, recently sold for $30,000, as follows: As a two-year old he won four races, with $7,235 stakes in the aggregate. At three years of age he won nine races, including the Derby races of 1868, and brought to his owner in stakes $50,200. Thus far this year he has won five races and $5,285, making the aggregate of $62,810, to which add the sum of $30,000, for which he is to be sold, and his owner will have realized $92,810 from this one horse. Though the statement may appear very favorable, yet no account has been taken of the expenses or of the losses on the other horses belonging to the same owner. It should be also remembered that the Marquis of Hastings, who ran through his money in a few years, commenced by winning unheard of sums on the race-course.

When Mark Twain was in the Holy Land, the monks showed him the "tomb of Adam," which evoked the following *gush* from that super-sensitive nature: "The tomb of Adam! How touching it was, here in a land of strangers, far away from home, and friends, and all who cared for me, thus to discover the grave of a blood relation. True, a distant one, but still a relation. The unerring instinct of nature thrilled its recognition. The fountain of my filial affection was stirred to its profoundest debths, and I gave way to tumultuous emotion. I leaned upon a pillar and burst into tears. I deem it no shame to have wept over the grave of my poor dead relative. Let him who would sneer at my emotion close this volume here, for he will find little to his taste in my journeyings through the Holy Land. Noble old man—he did not live to see me—he did not live to see his child. And I—I—alas! I did not live to see *him*. Weighed down by sorrow and disappointment, he died before I was born—six thousand brief summers before I was born."

STOCKING THE SUSQUEHANNA WITH BASS.—The Harrisburg *Patriot* says that a determined effort is being made to introduce these delicious fish into the Susquehanna. Several gentlemen of this city had recently imported from the Potomac river a number of bass, which are now luxuriating in the clear waters of our stream. As these fish propagate very extensively, their number in the river in a few years will be legion, provided they are not disturbed by law-breakers.

A man in Wisconsin employed a German blacksmith to do a certain job of work for which he paid the cash at once. Afterward a neighbor had a similar job done on credit for a less price. Upon being asked the reason, the blacksmith replied: "You zee, I've zo much charge on my book, and I zometimes lose 'em; and zo ven I have a good cash customer I sharge good price; but ven I puts it on my book I do not like to sharge zo much, zo if I never gets 'em I no lose zo much."

The Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1869.

REPUDIATION.—The cry of "repudiation" is ever and anon raised against those who favor the proposition of paying the United States bonds in greenbacks, or *according to the terms of the contract*—in gold, where gold is specified, in paper, where it is not. The western Democrats, with Hon. George H. Pendleton at their head, advocating this plan of payment, have been denounced as repudiators. And yet, it is now declared, that the Republicans themselves, are maturing a plan which is, in truth, a repudiation of a portion of the interest accruing upon these bonds. A Washington letter says:—

"It is known that a portion of this Administration and a large part of the Radicals in both Houses of Congress are known to favor the substitution of the present bonds by a funded debt bearing interest at four per cent, or a still lower figure."

The funded debt of England bears only an interest of three per cent. and it may be deemed advisable, by our Republican repudiators, when Congress meets, to fix the rate of interest upon our funded debt, at three per cent, in imitation of England. If so, we shall probably hear no more the charge of repudiation against the Democrats. Such a measure would cut down the rate of interest to a lower figure than the payment of the present rate of interest in currency, and would cause many persons who now hold government bonds to get rid of them. Foreign capitalists would then absorb the greater part of our funded debt, because money commands a lower rate of interest in Europe than it does here, and seeks permanency, rather than a larger return for shorter periods. American capitalists, fond of speculating, and greedy of the greatest gains, would employ their funds in other ways, promising larger profits. We think there is not much doubt that this scheme will be carried out, sooner or later; and these bonds, which have absorbed so much American capital, (or our American Consols, we suppose they will then be termed) will be shuffled off the hands of those who hold them, as fast as they can be disposed of, and other investments sought for.

The Commercial Convention which met at Louisville on Tuesday last, is but the adjourned session of the commercial convention which met at Memphis last spring. Among the general questions which it is expected will be discussed are the Pacific railroads, the Mississippi levees, the coolie question, the European grain routes, southern and eastern connections of the West, and other matters connected with the reconstruction of southern commerce, industry, manufactures and mining. In connection with these, the more specific subject of the most direct and shortest lines to the Atlantic seaboard from chief western and southwestern ports cannot escape attention.

The Republican flag-staff, in this town, displayed the flag at half-mast and draped in mourning, in token of respect to the deceased Ex-President Pierce, on Monday last. We mention the fact to the credit of the gentlemen who have it in charge. To differ politically is the privilege of American citizens. Indeed, it were not desirable that there should be perfect accord between us, for then political stagnation would ensue and there would be none to keep watch and ward over the common weal. But, when the bright guardians of the country die, we mingle our sympathies, and sorrow together over the nation's loss.

A correspondent of the TRANSCRIPT addresses a note to us, in which he says:—"Your paper is well printed, on good thick, white stock, and should be taken by every resident in your section." It affords us pleasure to say to our correspondent, that the TRANSCRIPT is taken, by nearly every person of consequence in this section. We have added *fifty* to our circulation within the last three weeks, and these additions have been voluntarily made, without any solicitation on our part, a fact which is all the more gratifying to us.

A Washington correspondent says:—Letters from Tennessee leave no room to doubt the election of Andrew Johnson to the Senate, and the defeat of the Fifteenth Amendment. It is probable that the Legislature will also rescind its action on the Fourteenth Amendment.

We are requested by the Rector of St. Ann's Church, to say that there will be divine service (D. V.) to-morrow morning at the usual hour, in the Church at 10½ o'clock, and at night, in the Chapel in Middletown, at 7 o'clock.

The perfection of the typographic art is the PRINTER'S CIRCULAR, by R. S. Menamin, Philadelphia. If there be a cleaner, sharper, or more beautiful and perfect impression from moveable types anywhere, we have yet to see it.

TOURNAMENTS.

The custom of holding tournaments, which prevails in Maryland and in some other States, seems to worry certain conductors of the press, who fail not to sneer at those who engage in these pleasant pastimes as the Maryland chivalry." The public mind must have its excitements. Men are but children larger grown, and will have their diversions, amusements and gala-days. If they are innocent and harmless in character, how much better are they than horse-races and other like gatherings, where ladies will not go, and where there is betting, swearing, drinking and fighting. We have been present at some of these tournaments, where thousands were assembled, and the scene was not marred by the presence of a solitary inebriate, or a single broil. Why? Because woman graced the occasion by her presence, and inspired all present with respect and decorum. On one occasion, we remember there were twenty-four gallant Knights in full costume, (not dressed like Indians, as one of our unappreciative contemporaries has it,) all mounted on fine blooded horses elegantly caparisoned, each Knight with his lance decorated with ribbon. There was the inspiring music of a cornet band; the martial sound of the bugle and the Stentor-voice of the herald, ordering the charge; the marshaling of the Knights upon their fleet and high-spirited steeds, to enter the lists; their manly bearing and feats of splendid horsemanship that challenged the admiration of all beholders. And then, the grand cavalcade of Knights, headed by the victors, bearing upon the points of their spears the beautiful white wreaths with which they were to crown the Queen of Love and Beauty and her maids of honor. And then, these favored ladies extending their fair hands to receive the proffered cronet, placing a glove upon the point of the spear in token of their acceptance, amid the smiles and congratulations of friends and admirers.

We saw nothing in all this, worthy of a sneer, or calculated to offend propriety in any way. On the contrary, we saw much to admire, and much that had an ennobling tendency upon the young persons of both sexes in attendance. "Those young men would have been better employed with the plow or hoe-handle," we hear some of our carping critics say. Why, bless you, many of them dropped the plow and the hoe, to participate in this agreeable pastime, (in obedience to the old adage—"all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy")—and probably resumed these useful implements the very next day. We should be pleased to see these tournaments more frequent. They would do no hurt, either to the manners or the morals of the participants; and we cannot say as much of some other amusements more common at the present day.

ELECTIONS.—State elections took place on Tuesday in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa and Nebraska. In Pennsylvania Gov. Geary was re-elected by the Republicans over Asa Packer, Democrat, by from 5000 to 8000 majority. Philadelphia went Republican by over 4000 majority. Last year it went Democratic for mayor by 1800 majority.

In Ohio the Republicans have re-elected Gov. Hayes while the Democrats have a majority in the house of Representatives, and the Republicans in the Senate. Iowa is Republican as usual.

Public lectures have been turned into schemes for money-getting, and the business has been systematized in our cities. Purveyors have sprung up, who engage the professionals, and announce their fall and winter courses. These professional lecturers run through the season, lecturing here and there, wherever they can find employment, venting their gab and gas, much of it staler than a thrice-told tale, at so much per lecture.

The sketch of "Lindenwald," the home of Ex-President Martin Van Buren, and of the sage himself, by one of our valued contributors, will be found full of interest to the intelligent reader.

The 18th of November has been designated by the President as a day of thanksgiving throughout the United States.

Peach growers, don't fail to attend your meeting at Dover next Tuesday.

THE EXPENSES OF ROYALTY.—It is estimated that the monarchs of Europe cost their subjects about forty millions of dollars per annum for their personal expenses merely. The household expenses of the rulers of the principal countries are as follows: The Pope, $200,000; Wurtemburg, $220,000; Denmark, $240,000; Sweden and Norway, $260,000; Holland, $500,000; Portugal, $665,000; Bavaria, $1,000,000; Great Britain, $2,350,000; Prussia, 2,400,000; Italy, $3,200,000; Austria, $4,000,000; Turkey, $6,600,000; France, $7,000,000; Russia, $8,500,000.

KENT COUNTY, MD.—The October term of the Circuit Court for Kent county, will commence on Monday, the 18th. The postoffice has been removed from Rees' Corner to Edesville, and Chas. H. Kenton appointed postmaster.

LOCAL AFFAIRS.

PEACH SHIPMENTS.—Statement of the number of *Baskets of Peaches* shipped by the Philadelphia Wilmington and Baltimore railroad from the Delaware railroad line, and from Baltimore, during the *Season of* 1869, as furnished by C. K. Ide, Esq. Master of Transportation:

STATIONS.	Jersey City. Baskets.	Phiad'a. Baskets.	Total.
Baltimore,	76,692		76,692
Mt. Pleasant,	115,248	454	115,702
Armstrongs,	137,309		137,309
Middletown,	261,571	7,999	269,570
Ginns,	34,173		34,173
Townsend,	80,994	1,343	82,337
Vandykes,	14,140	166	14,306
Morris,	12,449		12,449
Masseys,	46,451	601	47,052
Millington,	92,543	104	92,647
Blackbird,	31,392	3,421	34,813
Sassafras,	58,637	4,203	62,840
*Clayton,	294,672	7,759	302,431
Smyrna,		43	43
Brenford,	45,030	2,451	47,481
Moorton,	96,033	9,436	105,469
Dover,	187,381	8,190	195,571
Camden,	146,534	10,450	156,984
Willow Grove,	17,830	2,255	20,085
Canterberry,	19,069	4,214	23,283
Plymouth,	12		12
Felton,	12,293	4,266	16,559
Harrington,	26,098	2,278	28,376
Milford,	76,028	2,059	78,087
Lincoln,	415	87	502
Ellendale,	144	388	532
Georgetown,	9,114	1,288	10,402
Farmington,	44	16,275	16,319
Greenwood,	26,418	2,127	28,545
Bridgeville,	53,010	332	53,342
Seaford,	30,581	213	30,794
Laurel,	15,117	46	15,163
Delmar,	30	72	102
Salisbury,	148	37	185
Forktown,		6	6
Eden,		6	6
Princess Anne,	1,898	72	1,970
Westover,	28	369	397
Kingston,	1,592	229	1,821
Marion,	356	787	1,143
TOTAL.	2,021,475	94,026	2,115,500

*Those received from the Maryland and Delaware railroad included.

FRACAS ON THE CARS.—The Commercial says:—Last Saturday a number of roughs from Elkton visited this city and after imbibing pretty freely, concluded to return home by the evening train. One of them took a seat alongside of a lady, and made himself obnoxious to her, whereupon she complained to a brakesman, and requested that he be removed. He was very gentlemanly asked to leave the seat and go into the smoking car, but he persistently refused, and he was forcibly shoved into it, muttering vengeance on the brakesman. When the cars stopped at Elkton, the whole party, seven in number, attacked the railroad employee, and three other brakesmen coming to the aid of the one attacked, a regular hand-to-hand fight occurred, lasting about fifteen minutes. The Elktonians were pretty severely thrashed, one of them having his head badly bruised with a club, which one of the brakesmen used with dexterity. We understand a warrant was issued for the arrest of the Elkton party, and they were all lodged in jail on Monday.

THE TABLEAUX.—There was about the usual attendance at the Tableaux, on Wednesday and Thursday evenings. The exhibition was varied and attractive, barring the long intervals between the pieces, which taxed the patience of the audience considerably. We never witnessed as much disorder in a Middletown audience as there was on Wednesday evening, proceeding chiefly from a few thoughtless young men and boys, who seemed not to be aware how much their conduct disturbed and detracted from the enjoyment of those around them. We would not have expected worse behavior in the pit of some low theatre. If the Hall managers expect to keep up the attendance of polite and intelligent audiences, they will have to have such police arrangements as will enforce order. Ladies and gentlemen will not attend to be annoyed by the yelling, whistling and thumping of the disorderly. To such entertainments they will demur, by absenting themselves altogether.

For a long time we have noticed a gradual increase in the number of good-looking men in our neighborhood, especially among our subscribers. The change has been so marked as to be subject for general conversation. People ask "Why is this thus?" We find the general answer to be, that almost all our fellow-citizens are wearing the celebrated "Rockhill & Wilson" clothes. It is well known that the people who wear the clothes of this make command the esteem of their fellow-creatures. All our readers know where Rockhill & Wilson's is, The mammoth Brown Stone Clothing Hall, 603 and 605 Chestnut st. Phila.

THE QUEEN ANNE'S RAIL ROAD.—Only three miles remain to be completed between Millington and Sudlersville, and it is hoped that Mr. Stearns, the contractor, will speedily finish the road to that point. If he does not, we understand the directors will take steps to have it finished without further delay. The delay has been occasioned, it is said, by some difficulty between the contractor and his workmen. As soon as the road is completed to Sudlersville, it is understood that trains will run regularly. Hence there is considerable anxiety that the road should be completed to that point.

Our old friends Rockhill& Wilson are as hard at work as ever, furnishing every description of men's attractions in the way of elegant and luxurious masculine apparel. Their splendid Brown Stone Hall is better furnished than ever with everything that man or boy can want, for warmth, health, and comfort. All that our friends need to do, is just to call and examine for themselves and compare the prices of this splendid clothing with that of any other in Philadelphia or elsewhere.

LIGHT BAIL.—Much surprise has been expressed here at the very moderate bail required for the appearance of Harrington and Morris, at the Kent Court, to answer the charges against them. Of course the bail will be forfeited, and these men will be at liberty to commit their depredations upon some other community. The negro accomplice still remains in prison.

A widow lady named Harkness died in White Clay Creek Hundred, last week, at the advanced age of 101 years, Her husband, Sam'l Harkness, was 93 when he died. She was a German but came here when a little girl. She retained her faculties remarkably;—never using spectacles till about a year ago.

Shadrach Gaskins, a young colored man in the employ of Mr. Robert A. Cochran, Jr. had his left leg fractured just below the knee on Thursday last, by getting it caught in the horse-power while threshing. Dr. Chamberlaine rendered surgical aid, reducing the fracture.

Dr. Lofland, of Milford, has been held in the sum of $500 to answer at the next term of the Court of Kent County, for shooting at Dr. Watson, a few days ago, with a gun that fortunately had neither ball or shot in it.

Of Bower's Complete Manure, the Agent informed us, a few days since, that he had sold in Kent county, Md. alone, up to the 2d instant, 583 tons, not 283 as erroneously published last week.

The ravages of disease in the poultry still continue in this section. Chickens and turkeys are dying at such a rate, that some persons begin to feel serious concern about their Christmas dinner.

An African Methodist E. Church, we learn, will be commenced here, next week, upon a site purchased for the purpose in the North Eastern limits of the town.

The Steamer S. M. Felton, belonging to the Wilmington and Baltimore Company, was sunk while going into dock at Claymount, Friday, by running on a rock.

Dr. G. G. Chamberlaine last week removed a tumor about the size of an egg from the cheek of Mrs. Coleman, residing near Noxentown Mill. She is doing well.

The contested seat in the Wilmington City Council between Messrs. Dillon and Plunkett, of the first ward, has been settled by ordering an *advisory election*.

John B. Gough is to lecture before the Young Men's Christian Association of Wilmington on Thursday the 9th of December.

An attempt was made to burn the Brandywine Springs Hotel, on Wednesday evening week, by someunprincipled scoundrel.

DEATH OF EX-PRESIDENT PIERCE.

Ex-President Franklin Pierce died at his residence, Concord N. H. on Friday morning, 8th inst. His disease was chronic inflammation of the stomach, attended with a dropsical effusion of the abdomen.

Ex-President Pierce was born on the 23d of November, 1804, at Hillsboro, N. H. and was consequently in the 65th year of his age at the time of his decease. He was the youngest man to whom the people of the United States have ever entrusted the presidential office; he was between forty-eight and forty-nine years of age when he was elected and sworn into office on the 4th of March, 1853. The nomination of General Pierce for President of the United States by the Democratic convention of 1852, was made in Baltimore, where the sessions of that body were held. The Virginia delegation, headed by Henry A. Wise, proposed the name of Franklin Pierce on the forty-sixth ballot, and on the forty-ninth ballot he was unanimously nominated, and, so far as electoral votes were concerned, was almost unanimously elected, receiving, as he did, the vote of every State but four, or 244 electoral votes against 42 cast for General Scott, the whig candidate. Previous to his election to the presidency General Pierce had served several terms in the Legislature of New Hamspire, two years of which time he occupied the speaker's chair of the House. His next step was to the Congress of the United States in 1833, with a re-election in 1835, and an elevation to the United States Senate two years afterwards. He served one term in the United States Senate and then voluntarily withdrew from it. In 1846, after declining the position of Attorney General of the United States, which had been tendered him, he entered the military service as a volunteer in the Mexican war, acting in the capacity of Brigadier General, in which he served with credit, and received the favorable notice of his commander, General Scott.

The term of General Pierce as President of the United States was illustrated by the virtue and patriotism of the occupant of the executive chair, and he went into the retirement of private life afterwards with the purity of his administration untarnished and his friends as warmly devoted as upon the day of entering the White House. With his death has passed away the only surving ex-President of the United States elected by the people, the two surviving ex-Presidents being those who have succeeded to the chief magistracy by the deaths of their predecessors.

The decease of Ex-President Pierce was announced to the country by telegraph. As soon as the sad intelligence reached Washington, President Grant issued the following proclamation:

The painful duty devolves upon the President of announcing to the people of the United States the death of one of his honored predecessors, Franklin Pierce, which occurred at Concord early this morning. Eminent in the public councils and universally beloved in private life, his death will be mourned with sorrow befitting the loss which his country sustains in his decease.

As a mark of respect to his memory, it is ordered that the Executive Mansion and the several departments at Washington be draped in mourning, and all business suspended on the day of the funeral. It is further ordered that the War and Navy Departments cause suitable military and naval honors to be paid on this occasion to the memory of the illustrious citizen who has passed from among us.

SEBASTOPOL.—During the Crimean war, the Russians sank seventy-eight vessels in the harbor of Sebastopol, in order to prevent their capture or destruction by the allies. Of these, nearly all have been raised by an American engineer. The wooden vessels were so damaged by the teredo as to be worthless, but the iron ships, twenty-seven in number, were raised in a serviceable condition. The plan at first tried by the engineer proved unsuccessful, as the ordinary Indian rubber caissons and pontoons were inadequate to raise large line-of-battle ships, weighing in one instance 5000 tons. Caissons of unusually large size were then built, having six girder frames running fore and aft to give strength, and at the bows were heavy slinging chains, running over wheels, to lift the submerged vessels. The caissons were divided into compartments, and when the lifting commenced water was admitted aft, to counterbanlance the depression forward, and the caisson was sunk to nearly the level of the water; then, by means of an air-pump, the compartments were freed of water, and, as the caissons rose, the ships lifted with them. The ships were sunk at a depth of sixty feet in the water, and were embeded in twenty-three feet of mud, so that the enterprise of freeing the navigation from these obstructions was a work of great magnitude.

The Atlantic Cable is reported to have received a fresh injury. The cable laid in 1866 has parted at a distance of about seventy miles from Heart's Content, and this is the fourth accident that has happened to it on the Newfoundland side. In the middle of August, however, a fault in the same cable was discovered at a short distance from Velentia Bay, Ireland. These fractures have not yet been mended, as the rough weather has prevented the sailing of the repair steamer. The 1865 cable, which was picked up in mid ocean, where it had been lost in the attempt to lay it, has continued to work uninterrupted, while the 1866 cable has suffered five mishaps. The reason assigned for this immunity is, that the 1865 cable was laid in a carefully surveyed channel, while the 1866 cable was laid over rough sunken rocks, and during unfavorable weather. Had the lost cable of 1865 not been recovered, the communication between England and America would have been interrupted for a considerable period of time on five occasions. Surplus cables are stored both at Heart's Content and Valentia, so as to repair any fault as soon as possible.

Gen. Wm. M. Belknap, of Keokuk, Iowa, has been appointed Secretary of War, to succeed Gen. Rawlins. He will enter upon the duties of his office in a few days.

THE NEW REVOLUTION IN SPAIN.

In reading the news from Spain, as it dribbles through the seives of the censors at Madrid and Paris, it is necessary to read between the lines. With all the care of these gentlemem, anxious as they are to so color their reports that the disaffected in France shall not be encouraged by the success of revolutionists in Spain, they cannot prevent it from appearing that throughout almost every province the people are in arms against the Regency. The army marches hither and thither, and the revolutionists give way before them, but only to appear again when the army has moved on. What has been going on in Cuba for the last year now repeats itself in Spain. The army is irresistible for the moment, wherever it appears; but it cannot spread itself all over the country at once, and for every patriot whom it shoots five arise to take his place. "Fighting continues in Saragossa, and the authorities demand reinforcement, said the latest despatches. The republic has been proclaimed at La Carolina and Candesa. It is feared that the insurgents will make a movement on Madrid. Advices from republican sources represent that the insurrection is gaining ground." Unquestionably, such intelligence as this is of the gravest import; no more is heard of the negotiations between the government and Castelar and his fellow-republicans. It is improbable that these leaders would permit their adherents throughout the country to continue to waste their lives in a hopeless struggle. The republican leaders must know that there is at least a good chance for their success, or else they are guilty of a criminal disregard for human life.—*N. Y. World.*

A MATRIMONIAL ITEM.—The Smyrna Times says:—We occasionally read of noteworthy events in matrimonial matters in our exchanges, and this week we feel called upon to note one in our own midst. The marriage is recorded in the proper place in this issue, the happy couple being well known and respected citizens, the groom having at one time filled the office of sheriff of the county with credit to himself and the station he occupied. The bride, by the ruthless hand of death, has been compelled to follow five husbands to the grave (all former respected citizens of this community) and don the "widow's weeds," and now Cupid, without regard to past circumstances, has hurled another fatal dart, and at the age of about 55 years she again bows at Hymen's altar, to which she is led for the *sixth* time, to offer herself a willing sacrifice to the god of marriage by a gentleman who has entered his 81st year. She becomes his second wife. In every instance, save the first, the lady has married widowers, with children, while she has remained without issue. And now, while she is childless, she has married a husband who has founded a tribe. The number of his descendants, children, grand children and great grand children, was, when last counted, just *one hundred and sixty-five*, and there have been a number of accessions since—nearly enough to make the number seventy, he thinks. There are other circumstances in connection with the gentleman's life that we feel constrained to refer to, though not altogether appropriate under this head, perhaps. Notwithstanding his numerous progeny, he has had but one death in his family—his first wife. He never borrowed a dollar in his life, and never paid a cent's cost in suits at law on his own account We may add, with pleasure, that he is remarkably hale and healthy (as is also the bride); weighs 210 pounds, stands nearly six feet in height and stands even higher in the estimation of his fellow citizens than he does in his boots. May "fortune favor the brave."

THE LATE FINANCIAL BUFFET IN WALL STREET.—The European press is uttering its comments upon the rage and madness which turned Wall Street into a bear-garden, on a recent memorable occasion. The London Times of the 12th inst. says, editorially:

There may be circumstances in the financial position of the United States authorizing so glaring a departure from sound rules of public economy, but it is difficult to deny that a mere struggle of gamblers by an act of the government is magnified into an event of national importance. If Mr. Boutwell had persevered, more money would have changed hands, more fortunes been made or marred, other brokers gone mad, absconded, or committed suicide; and the threat against Fisk might have been executed. It is not easy to decide whether this will be for good or evil. It might have allayed speculative fever, sobered gambling madness, weaned some helpless dupes from the exchange, and rid it of some arrant rogues. The lesson will not be altogether lost; but had the lesson gone on to the end it might have been more impressive, and its precepts enhanced by a higher cost.

DECREASE OF AMERICAN TONAGE.—During the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1869, the number of American vessels arriving from British ports was 343, with a tonnage of 350,054 tons. The foreign vessels arrived from British ports during the same period numbered 1,190, with a tonnage of 1,426,545 tons. This shows a decrease, even from last year, when it was thought our tonnage was about as low as it would get, of about one-sixth, and an increase in foreign tonnage about one-ninth. The exhibit is far from encouraging.

Two successive crops of cotton, one of about two million and a half bales, and the other estimated at two million and three quarters, (not to speak of other crops) have placed the South on a firmer financial basis, and given her more abundant elements of material prosperity than she has enjoyed for many years—perhaps, all things considered, for the last generation.

The last Legislature of Georgia passed a special act of limitation, under which all debts, contracted before June 1, 1865, will be forever barred, unless action is begun upon them before Jan. 1, 1870.

Dr. Quimby of Wilmington it is said has taken out a patent for a flying machine.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

Accounts of losses by the great storms of Oct. 4, in Maine, are still coming. Twenty-seven vessels went ashore in Rumney Bay; a schooner was lost at New river, with seventeen persons. The loss in the town of Eastport is stated at $500,000, and the towns of Lubec, Pembroke and Perry have suffered heavily. A freshet in Swift river, Oxford county, drove the people for refuge to the hills, and devastated all the farms along its borders.

The News From Spain by cable is not suggestive of a peaceful solution of that country's internal difficulties. The long-threatened conflict between the Republicans and the Monarchists becomes more imminent, and the entire kingdom appears to be politically in a volcanic condition. Madrid though quiet, was in such peril that the police had instructed the citizens how to defend the capital in case of attack.

The Alexandria, Gazette, of Oct. 9 says:—The rumor mentioned in the Washington correspondence of the Baltimore *Sun* of this morning that a duel had been fought in this vicinity by Col. Mosby and Sheriff Boyd, of Fauquier county, and both parties wounded, is incorrect, Col. Mosby has challenged Col Boyd, but no meeting has yet taken place.

At the Naragansett Park on Friday, Lady Thorn won the trot for $5,000 against Palmer, Goldsmith Maid, Lucy and American Girl. Her time was in 2:19¾, 2:18¼, and 2:21. American Girl was distanced on the fourth heat. This is said to be the fastest race, in the aggregate of heats, ever trotted.

The Republican State Convention of Mississippi have nominated James Lynch, a colored preacher, as their candidate for Secretary of State.—Coats & Co. the celebrated English thread makers, are soon to erect a manufactory at Providence that will employ eight hundred operatives.

A riot among the miners in the Department of Aveyron, France, occurred on Thursday last. After they had accomplished considerable damage, and caused considerable alarm, troops arrived, charged the rioters, killed ten of them, and then they dispersed.

The Denton *Union* says the four negroes we noticed in our last issue as being arrested as suspicious characters in Queenstown and taken to Centerville jail, have been identified as the robbers of a vessel in Eastern Bay and murderers of two of the crew.

The public school children of Philadelphia had a mammoth nutting party at Fairmount Park on Friday. It is estimated that thirty thousand persons were present. Fifty men were employed by the commissoners to club the trees.

The Dutchess County Mutual Insurance Company's office, at Poughkeepsie, was robbed on Saturday morning of $100,000, of which about $27,000 is in convertable bonds. One of the supposed burglars has been arrested in New York.

Sixteen fruit growers of Floyd county, Indiana, have sold the present season about 20,000 bushels of peaches and 5,000 bushels of pears. Floyd county is one among the best fruit-producing countries in the West.

A colored man who had feloniously assulted a young lady school teacher, was taken from the constables and lynched by a party of masked men, in Prince George's county, Md. on Monday last.

The farm of Mr. George W. Stoner, in Eastern Kentucky, was sold on Friday last for $129 60 per acre, the highest price ever paid for land in that section. It comprised 475 acres.

A large meeting was held in Salt Lake City on Thursday night to take action for the admission of Utah into the Union. The matter will be pressed at the next Congress.

Wm. Coleman, who recently robbed the dwelling of Postmaster General Creswell, in Cecil county, Md. was tried at Elkton last week, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years.

Fenianism continues lively in England and Ireland. Meetings are numerous. Six thousand persons attended the funeral of Martin, the Fenian, who died at King's College Hospital.

The New York *Times* reiterates its assertion that there are thirty gunboats building in the port of that city for the Spanish Government, to be used against the insurgent Cubans.

Municipal elections were held Monday in Savannah and Mobile, and were carried by the Democrats by large majorities. The negroes generally voted for the Democratic ticket.

During a circus performance at Philadelphia Tuesday afternoon, Madame De Berg, a well known squestrienne, was thrown from her horse and had her arm broken.

Fifteen men and twenty horses were drowned Sunday, in St. Maurice river, near Point Chateau, Canada, by the upsetting of a scow in which they were crossing.

Thomas H. Field, a retired New York merchant, was killed last week in his grape arbor at Rochelle, New York, by a spring gun which he had set for thieves.

A Milwaukee despatch announces the capsizing of the Canadian vessel Kate Bailey, in Lake Michigan, and the loss of her captain and first mate.

The Emperor of Austria, the Empress of the French and the Sultan of Turkey are all going to Suez together by way of Joppa and Jerusalem.

A Western paper figures up that Brigham Young is the richest man in America, Stewart, Vanderbilt and Astor not excepted.

Horace Greely has written a letter accepting the Republican nomination for Comptroller of New York.

Gen. McClellan and family are in Washington, where they will spend most of the winter.

Northern capitalists propose to invest $100,000 in a cotton factory at Atlanta, Georgia.

Admiral Farragut is dangerously ill at Chicago, of congestive chills.

Jefferson Davis arrived at Baltimore from England on Saturday.

The 14th of October was celebrated as the anniversary of Cuban independence.

Belle Boyd is reading Shakspeare at the Metropolitan Theatre, San Francisco.

The Oxford crew have promised to come to America next year, to row the Harvards.

MARRIED.

On the 6th inst. by the Rev. William Urie, Henry Pratt, Esq. Ex-Sheriff of Kent Co. to Mrs. Mary Wallace, both of Smyrna, Del.

On the 7th inst. by the same, Mr. Kendal S. Warren and Miss Susan Golt, Both of New Castle county, Del.

On the 30th of September, at Smyrna, Del. by Rev. A. Rittenhouse, Wm. H. Allen and Miss Susan Cramer, both of New Castle county.

Oct. 12th, 1869, at the residence, of Mr. James Budd, by Rev D. F. Ewell, Mr William R. Ratledee, to Miss Mary C. Webb, both of Newcastle co Del.

Elkton papers please copy.

DIED.

On the 12th inst. at his residence, 804 South Tenth St. Philad'a. Outerbridge H. Moore in the 49th year of his age.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat, prime	$1 35
Corn yellow,	1 00
" white	1 00
Oats, new	50
Timothy Seed	5 50
Clover Seed	10 00
Eggs	25 cts ₰ doz.
Butter	38@40 cts. ₰ lb.
Lard	24@25 " "
Hams	25@28 " "
Sides	24@25 " "
Shoulders	20@22 " "
Potatoes	45@ 50 ₰ bushel.
Potatoes, New	50@60 ₰ "

PHILADELPHIA.

Prime new red wheat	$1 40@1 45
Corn, new yellow	$1 05
Oats (Pennsylvania)	61
Cloverseed	$7 75
Timothy	$4 50

WILMINGTON.

Wheat, prime	1 35@1 45
Corn, New	1 15
Oats	85
Flour	$6 50@10 00

SPECIAL NOTICES.

INGRAM & GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.

Eggs	20cts.	Lard	20cts.
Butter	40.	Hogs	16.
Chickens, dressed	17.	Hogs, alive	13.
Ducks "	19.	Potatoes, round	45.
Turkies "	20.	Feathers	65.
Geese "	15.	Honey	20.
Beans		$2.00.	

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order; and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.

☞ Fresh Meat every day.

March 20—tf INGRAM & GIBSON.

FINE READY MADE CLOTHING,

228 MARKET STREET, 2nd Door below THIRD

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF

Ready Made Clothing in Delaware,

Our Own Make, now on hand, and will be sold at less than Philadelphia Prices.

All our Clothing is made in Superior manner by

PRACTICAL TAILORS.

The Proprietor having an experience of over thirty years in this Business, will guarantee satisfaction to any purchaser.

A full line of

FINE CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES, and

VESTINGS,

Constantly on hand for

ORDER WORK,

which will be made in the

☞ LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER,

At No. 228 Market Street,

☞ The Oldest Established Clothing Emporium in Delaware.

March 16—y **Edward Moore**

A VALUABLE FARM AT Private Sale.

THE udersigned offers, at private sale, that valuable Farm known as "CHOPTANK," containing

300 Acres, More or Less,

Situated within two miles of Middletown, and only about one mile from Armstrong's Station on the Delaware Rail Road, thus having the advantage of two convenient Rail Road stations. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, nearly all arable, but having wood enough on it for the uses of the farm. It is divided into six fields, with water in each field, and is susceptible of division into two farms nearly equal in size. The whole has been limed over once, and a part of it twice, and it is unsurpassed as a fruit or trucking farm. The enclosures are of good chestnut post and rail fence and osage hedge. The buildings are all in complete order.

The DWELLING is a two-story frame, containing seven rooms, and there is a pump of excellent water at the door. The Barn, Stables, and other out-buildings, ample for the uses of the farm, and there are two Tenant Houses, one of which is new. There are

5,500 THRIFTY PEACH TREES,

IN FULL BEARING.

A GOOD APPLE ORCHARD;

Three Acres of STRAWBERRIES, one of RASPBERRIES, and other fruit. The neighborhood is unsurpassed for beauty, fertility, health, and convenience to Market, Churches, Schools, Post-office, &c. Altogether it is one of the most desirable properties likely to be in the market for a long time, and affords a rare chance for capitalists to procure a valuable farm in one of the most highly improved districts of New Castle county. For terms or other information apply to

B. F. HANSON,

Oct. 16—4w. MIDDLETOWN, Del.

Doylestown Democrat, copy and send bill to advertiser.

BROWNE'S METALLIC WEATHER STRIPS,

FOR the exclusion of cold, wind, Rain, snow, dust, and drafts from doors and windows.

These invaluable Strips have stood the test of six years on some of the most superb public and private buildings in the United States and Canadas. They will last for 20 years and will save in one season fuel sufficient to nearly cover their cost. Every housekeeper should send for our descriptive circular and price list. Agents wanted everywhere. Liberal inducements, Address

Browne's Metallic Weather Strip Co.

No. 234 Broadway, New York.

Oct. 16—3m

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,

BY HENRY VANDERFORD.

TERMS.—$2.00 per annum, *payable in advance.* Single copies five cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, $1 for the first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year $10; six months $6. For a quarter of a column three months $8; six months $15; one year, with the privilege of four changes, $25; for half a column $50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates; Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Yearly advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business.

☞ All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del.

☞ Office corner Main and Scott streets.

THE CHINESE COOLIES.—The particulars of the plan for the introduction of Coolie laborers into Louisiana have recently been made public. The employers must pay the laborers monthly wages, amounting to $8 in gold or $10 in currency. They must also advance $150 for the payment of the passage money and two months wages of each Coolie. The question has been raised whether the planters will be able to raise $3000 for every twenty hands, at the same time running the risk of the Coolies not working. It is, however, believed that the funds will be forthcoming, and that a large number of Coolies will soon be at work.

The Swiss laborers in Georgia give universal satisfaction.

ANTICIPATING THE FALL TRADE.

THE undersigned has made the most elaborate preparations and already offers to those who may wish to be early in making their Fall and Winter purchases, a

FULL STOCK OF GOODS,

Suitable for Fall and Winter wear and usage.

My stock of DRY GOODS will consist in part of

BLACK and COLORED ALPACAS,

Wool Delaines, Wool Poplins,

Mohairs,

A good assortment of Prints, Cotton and Wool Flannels, 1, 1¼, 2¼ Brown and Bleached Muslins, Heavy Domestics, Bal. Skirts, Shawls, &c. &c.

NOTIONS.

Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies Corsets, Ladies Vests, Ribbons, Edgings, Gents Undershirts, Ladies Collars and Cuffs, Combs, Hair Brushes, Velvets, and in fact everything you could well expect to find in a first Class Notion House may here be had.

I ask the particular attention of the gentlemen to my assortment of FRENCH and AMERICAN CLOTHS, and Fancy Cassimers. New Styles of which I am constantly receiving and disposing of at reasonable prices.

Also to the Community in general to my Stock of Mens HEAVY Boots, and of Mens, Womens and Misses HEAVY SHOES, which I have made to ORDER of the BEST material, and on any of which I am willing to guarantee satisfaction. I have also a good assortment of Mens sewed and pegged, single and double upper and sole Calf Boots, and Ladies Dress Shoes in Various Styles.

Hats and Caps.

Carpets, Druggets, Oil Cloths, Oil Cloth Window Shades, Door Mats, Hardware, Cedarware, Queensware, Earthenware, Stoneware, Groceries, &c. &c. &c.

Glass, Oil, Paints, Mackerel, Shad, and Herring always on hand.

☞ Will show goods with pleasure, and make a liberal discount for CASH.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN.

Oct. 13—tf No. 3. Middletown Hall.

GEO. INGRAM & CO.

BROKERS,

MAIN STREET ABOVE BROAD,

Middletown, Delaware,

ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF

NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.

LOANS NEGOTIATED UPON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

INVESTMENTS MADE IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER.

Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission.

Also, receive applications for

DEL. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF WILMINGTON.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:

Geo. W. Karsner,	McDonough.
J. W. Vandegrift,	"
Seyfert, McManus & Co.	Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson,	"
B. F. Chatham,	Phila. Nat. Bank.

Oct. 16, 1869—y

$10. WATCHES. $10.

THE GREAT TRADE IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION, (Incorporated by the State) sell Fine Gold and solid Silver Watches at $10 each.

10,000 Engravings, fully illustrating and describing all our watches, are placed in sealed envelopes, which are thoroughly mixed, and when ordered are mailed, post paid, at the following prices:—Single Engraving, 50 cents. Twelve and rich premium, $5. Twenty-five and elegant silver hunting watch as premium, $10 Every engraving entitles the holder thereof to a Watch worth from $25 to $750, irrespective of value, for $10. Nothing can be lost by this investment, as no article in our stock is worth less than the money asked, while the buyer may obtain a watch worth $750. Circulars free. Just try it once before hastily condemning us. Address

MICHELIN & CO. Managers,

205 Broadway, Cor. Fulton St. New York.

Oct. 16—3m

SEND for a copy of new edition WELL'S EVERY MAN HIS OWN LAWYER AND BUSINESS FORM BOOK, a complete and reliable guide to all matters of law and business transactions for every State in the Union. The professional man, the farmer, the mechanic, the merchant, the manufacturer, each require a convenient, comprehensive, and reliable work, which will enable him to draw up any instrument that may be required, and that will furnish him with such information as is usually called for in all his busines relations of life—a book that everybody can understand, and that will enable every one to be their own counsel. The entire leading press of the country unqualifiedly endorse the work. Price only $2.25. Sent post paid. Agents wanted everywhere Address JNO. G. WELLS, Publisher, No. 432 Broome Steet N. Y.

Oct. 16, 1869.—3mos.

ODESSA NURSERIES.

THE Proprietors offer for Sale, for Fall planting of 1869 or Spring of 1870,

70,000 Peach Trees

of the leading

Market and Family Varieties.

200,000 SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

consisting of the following varieties:

STRAWBERRIES,

RASPBERRIES,

BLACKBERRIES,

GOOSEBERRIES,

CURRANTS, AND GRAPE VINES.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

300,000 OSAGE ORANGE QUICKS,

One and Two Years Old.

ALSO

EARLY ROSE, POTATOES,

And several other leading varieiies, for seed.

Apply to POLK & HYATT,

Oct. 16, 1869. Or to WM. B. CROFT.

Odessa, Del.

ESTRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber near St. Georges, Del. about three weeks since, a small brown Mare, having the heaves. The owner is requested to identify property, pay charges and take her away.

Oct. 16.—3t. THOMAS J. CRAVEN.

Notions, Dress Trimmings, Hosiery,

AND VARIETY STORE.

W. T. WARNER,

Lockwood & Tatman's Old Stand,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he has just returned from the city with a large assortment of

HOSIERY, TRIMMINGS, GLOVES, AND FANCY GOODS,

Have in stock Ladies' and Gent's White Kid Gloves, of the best makes; also Col'd and Black Kid Gloves; Satin, cut bias, for Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Merino, Vests & Pants, Ribbons, Collars of the latest styles, Cuffs, a good line of fleecy lined Hose for ladies and Misses, Split Zephyrs, Germantown Yarn, Berlin Yarn, Knitting Cotton in balls, French Corsets, Hemstitch Idkfs, Cable and Hair Nets, Barb Lace, Hair Brushes and Combs, Magic Combs, Reg'd Embroidery, Cambric Edgings, Laces, Long Bead Necklaces, Hair Switches, Rolls and Braid, Sets of Jewelry, Charms, Crosses, Bracelets.

HOOP SKIRTS, DRESS BUTTONS,

NAPKINS AND TOWELS,

KNITTING YARN, LACE VEILS, SILK TISSUE AND BAREGE, LA CABAS,

And a variety of Notions, Fancy Goods, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Fine White Shirts, Undershirts and Drawers, ½ Hose, Shirt Fronts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckties and Bows, Driving Gloves, Valises, Umbrellas, &c. &c. &c.

STATIONERY.

Gilt Edge, Com. Note, Letter and Foolscap Paper. Envelopes white and colored. Also a choice stock of Groceries, such as Teas, Sugar, Coffee, Spices, Rice, Noix-de-Coco, Cheese, Con. Lye, Syrups, Vinegar, Coal Oil, &c. &c. I am selling below regular prices. Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

W. T. Warner.

Oct. 9, 1869.—7mos. Middletown, Del.

1869 Fall and Winter Dress Goods. 1869

EDWIN HALL & CO.

28 South Second Street,

Invites the attention of purchasers on visiting Philadelphia to their large and elegant stock of

DRY GOODS,

Consisting in part of

BLACK and COLORED SILKS.
FRENCH and IRISH POPLINS.
PLAIN and CORDED POPLINS.
Medium and low priced DRESS GOODS.
DRESS GOODS of the latest styles constantly receiving.
BLACK DRESS GOODS IN GREAT VARIETY.
LONG and SQUARE BROCHE SHAWLS.
LONG and SQUARE BLANKET SHAWLS.
ARABS, CHINCHILLA JACKETS,
SILK CLOAK VELVETS.
SILK FINISH VELVETEENS.
SILK PLUSHES, all colors.
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES.
TABLE LINENS and NAPKINS.
SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS.
BLANKETS and COUNTERPANES.
PIANO and TABLE COVERS.
WHITE GOODS, LACES, EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES, HOISERY, &c.

N. B.—We deal in good Goods and endeavor to sell at such prices that will give satisfaction.

☞ The Chestnut and Market St. cars will convey you to within a few doors of the store.

EDWIN HALL & CO.

28 South Second St. Philadelphia.

Oct. 9, 1869.—3mos.

PRINTERS

CAN GET

Types, Presses, & Printing Material

GENERALLY,

At greatly reduced prices from

Vanderbaugh, Wells & Co.

110 Fulton St. and 16 & 18 Dutch St. N. Y.

MAKERS OF

Wood Type, Eagle, California and other Economical Cabinets, Cases, Stands and Galleys.

FACTORY, PATTERSON, NEW JERSEY.

N. B.—Young's excellent Copy-Holder and everything of recent production in their line.

Oct. 9—3m

1869. PHILADELPHIA 1869.

WALL PAPERS.

HOWELL & BOURKE

MANUFACTURERS OF

Paper Hangings, & Window Shades,

Sales Rooms, Cor. Fourth and Market Sts.

PHILADELPHIA,

Factory, Cor. Twenty-Third and Sansom streets.

New Styles Every Day, of Our Own Make

Oct. 9—3m

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

PRIME CRISFIELD OYSTERS will be served throughout the season, in quantities to suit purchasers. Apply to

Oct. 9—3m* **Charles Adams.**

Administrator's Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

IN APPOQUINIMINK HUNDRED.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court, of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle county, will be exposed to sale at Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

Oct. 30th, 1869, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

AT THE HOTEL OF O. H. HILL,

BLACLBIRD, NEW CASTLE CO. DEL.

The following described lands and tenements, being part of the Real Estate of the late William M. Vandegrift, dec'd. the same being ordered to be sold for the payment of his debts, to wit:

A TRACT OF LAND

situated in Appoquinimink Hundred, on the road leading from the State road to the Thoroughfare Neck road, adjoining the lands of Jacob Hill, Wm. Weldon, and Ayres Stockley,

Containing about 125 Acres of Land,

more or less, with a FRAME HOUSE and OUT-BUILDINGS thereon erected. The said premises will be sold subject to the widow's dower. Attendance will be given and terms of sale made known by the Administrators or by Charles B. Lore their attorney.

By order of the Court, BENJ. R. USTICK, Clerk O. Court.

The above Property is well worthy the attention of capitalists, being well adapted to the growth of Peaches, Small Fruits, Vegetables, Grain, &c. Being situated about two miles below Blackbird, it is convenient to Railroad, and Steamboat from Smyrna Creek. There are about 1,000 PEACH TREES in bearing on the farm at present.

TERMS OF SALE.

Twenty-five Hundred Dollars on ratification of sale; balance in two equal annual payments of one and two years, with interest from date of confirmation of sale. Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, to be treated as part of cash payment if conditions are complied with, otherwise to be forfeited by purchaser.

☞ The Widow's Dower will be sold at the same time to give the purchaser a clear title.

FRANCIS T. PERRY, } Adm's.
THOMAS CAVENDER, }

Smyrna Times coawts and send bill to this office.

Oct. 2—ts

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.

A First Class Boarding and DAY SCHOOL,

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

WARREN I. HICKS. A. B. } PRINCIPALS,
HUDSON A. WOOD, A. B. }

assisted by

Mrs. GENIE H. HICKS and Mrs. MARY WOOD.

FALL Term begins September 13th, and ends December 3d.

WINTER Term begins December 6th and ends March 18th. Vacation of one week at Christmas and at the close of the term.

SPRING Term begins March 28th and ends June 17th.

Tuition per Quarter of 12 weeks, payable at the middle of each Term:

Small Scholars in First Lessons	$ 5 00.
Primary Department	8 00.
Academical Department	11 00.
Classical Department	15 00.
Instrumental Music	12 00.
Vocal Music	2 00.
Use of Piano	2 00.
German and French (each extra)	2 00.
Tuition per annum, including board, wood, lights, and washing	220 00.
The same per Term	75 00.

Students charged from the time of entering.

For further particulars address the Principals for Circular, Middletown, Del. Oct. 3—tf

THE HINKLEY

Family Knitting Machine.

PRICE $30.

EVERY Family in the country needs one. It knits everything from a mitten to a Blanket. A child 12 years old, can learn to work it in an hour. It is operated the same as a sewing machine, by hand or foot. It uses but one needle, and is the perfection of beauty and usefulness.

Circulars with cuts and full particulars free to everybody. Agents wanted in every county. Apply quickly. TOWLE & HARDING,

General Agents

Oct. 9—3m. 176 Broadway, New York.

NEEDHAM

CHURCH, School and Parlor Organs and Melodeons, of every description, at reduced prices. Send for a copy of the last edition of the

"SILVER TONGUE,"

Which will be mailed free to any address upon application to the oldest manufacturers of Reed Organs and Melodeons in America.

E. P. NEEDHAM & SON,

143, 145 & 147 East 23d St. New York.

Oct. 9—3mos.

TOWLE'S PATENT

Grade and Drainage Level, Price $15.

EVERY Farmer needs one. Every School should have one. No engineer, required to lay out roads, walks or water courses. Will establish levels for foundation walls, bridges, made ground, &c. It is extremely simple and beautiful. Sent to any address on receipt of price. Descriptive circulars, with cuts, free.

HAMILTON E. TOWLE, Civil Engineer, and Special European Patent Solicitor,

Oct. 9—3m 176 Broadway, New York.

AGENTS WANTED

LOCAL AND TRAVELING,

FOR THE

American Meat & Vegetable Chopper,

THE best thing, without exception, in the market; saves 90 per cent. in time and labor; cuts 10 to 13 lbs. of meat, sufficiently fine for pies, in four minutes. Agents are coining money. Cut of machine, terms, &c. free.

Address D. A. NEWTON & Co.

Oct. 9—3m No. 38 Cortland St. N. Y.

100 MEN and BOYS WANTED! to sell the "MAGIC MIRROR. Sample and terms sent free by mail. Address with stamp, M. L. Byrne, 80 Cedar st. N. Y. P. O. Box 4,669.

Oct. 9—3m

FOR SALE

ONE GOOD YORK WAGON, apply to

LYDIA A. PRICE,

Oct. 2—3t Middletown, Del.

NEWARK ACADEMY,

NEWARK, DELAWARE,

PROF. EDWARD D PORTER, A. M.

PRINCIPAL.

A FIRST-CLASS Mathematical, Classical and Scientific Boarding School for boys and young men. Will commence its *One Hundred and First Academic Year*, SEPTEMBER, 1st, 1869.

For full information send for Circular.

August 14—3m.

304 W. M. KENNARD 306

THE CASH

DRY GOODS

AND

CARPET HOUSE,

OF

DELAWARE.

304 & 306

MARKET STREET,

WILMINGTON,

Is now prepared to offer to Cash Buyers one of the best selected, greatest variety, and largest assortment of goods ever offered in this State.

THE CARPET ROOM

Having been enlarged, is filled with a fine variety of the best makes of English and American Tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain, &c. Oil Cloths, all widths, Cocoa and Canton Mattings, Rugs, Matts, Window Shades, Fixtures, Stair Rods, &c, &c. &c. &c.

In the Wholesale Deparment

Will be found all the best makes of Sheetings, Shirtings, &c. all of which will be sold at New York Wholesale Prices.

The Cloth and Cassimere Department

Is one of the most extensive in the establishment, comprising all kinds of goods for Ladies', Men's & Boy's wear.

The Flannel Department

☞ For Variety, cannot be surpassed ☜

THE RETAIL

Sheeting and Muslin Department

Is large and all kinds of the best goods will be cut at very low prices.

The Hosiery and Glove Counter

Will be found full and complete at all times.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Underwear

Of all kinds at reasonable rates.

The Dress Goods Room

Is the pride of the House, special attention being paid to this department.

W. M. K. constantly in the New York and Philadelphia markets, enables him to procure all new and desirable goods at the lowest rates, and as he buys direct from the importer in large lots, it is to his advantage to sell cheap, that goods may be turned out fast, thus keeping the stock new and lively all the time.

All are invited to call, feeling assured that they will not be disappointed either in assortment or prices.

W. M. KENNARD,

304 & 306 Market st.

ABOVE THIRD,

WILMINGTON,

DELAWARE.

Oct. 9, 1869.—y

BLANKETS, BLANKETS

BLANKETS, BLANKETS,

QUILTS, QUILTS, QUILTS,

QUILTS, QUILTS, QUILTS,

QUILTS, QUILTS, QUILTS.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

ARE again receiving the celebrated Huron Blankets which have heretofore met such unprecedented sale. Attention is specially directed to the quality, size and weight of these Blankets. They are manufactured expressly for our sales, and will not be found in any other establishment.

HURON GOLD MEDAL BLANKETS,
HURON SWANSDOWN BLANKETS,
HURON PREMIUM BLANKETS,
HURON EXTRA SUPER. BLANKETS.
CRIB BLANKETS, EVERY QUALITY.

IN QUILTS.

MARSEILLES,
HONEYCOMB,
LANCASTER,
JACQUARD,
BRIDAL,
DIMITY,
AND CRIB,

SHAWLS!!

Broche Long Shawls,
Broche Square Shawls,
Cassimere Shawls,
Paisley Shawls,
Blanket Shawls,
Fancy Arabs,
Gent's Shawls,

LINEN GOODS.

We invite the attention of Families, Public Institutions, and the Proprietors of Hotels, Bording Houses and Shipping, to our large stock of

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS,

Comprising all the varieties of style and width in every description of

Linen Sheetings,
Pillow-Case Linens,
Barnsley Table Linens,
Piano, Table and Melodeon Covers,
Table Cloths, All Sizes,
Striped and Plaid Table Coverings,
Table Napkins and Doylies,
Towels and Towelings,
Real Russia Mursery Diaper,
Linen Table Covers,
Barnsley Crumb Linens,
Richardson Sons & Owen's Shirting Linens.

SHIRT BOSOMS,

made up ourselves from Linen of our own importation, and guaranteed to be of the very best quality.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Central Dry Goods House,

Cor. EIGHTH and MARKET Sts.

PHILADELPHIA.

Oct. 2—6m

NEW GOODS

FOR THE FALL OF 1869.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS,

Middletown, Del.

ARE prepared to supply the Buying Public from an unusually large and attractive assortment of New Goods, complete in the following departments:

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

COLORED AND BLACK

Cloths and Cassimeres,

Ladies' colored and black Cloaking Cloths, Poplins, Meripos, Alpacas, Delaines, &c.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS,

HOOP SKIRTS, WHITE GOODS,

Laces and Trimmings,

Gents' and Youths' new style Cuba Hats, Rubber Overcoats, Umbrellas, and Overshoes, Ladies Misses', and Children's Button and Lace Turkey and Morrocco Balmoral Boots, Men and Boys' Heavy Boots, and Brogans,

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GERMAN AND RAG CARPETS,

Willow and Wooden Ware

New and Old Tar Rope, China, Glass, Queensware, and Stoneware, Hardware, Cutlery, Tin & Earthenware, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Spices, Pickles Jellies and Sauces,

Tobacco, Snuff, and Cigars,

Highly Perfumed Toilet and Washing Soaps, Mackerel, Herring, Salt, Flour, Provisions.

☞ *Stark Mills Seamless Grain Bags.*

Which we are constantly receiving in new and fresh lots, and buying strictly for cash, can offer extra inducements to our customers on the most reasonable terms. ☞ A liberal discount to cash buyers.

Oct. 2—3mos.

150,000 PEACH TREES,

OF LEADING VARIETIES,

FOR SALE CHEAP,

At the Cedar Lawn Nurseries,

SOMERSET COUNTY, MARYLAND.

WE have made a specialty of raising Peach Trees, and feel sure of giving satisfaction. For prices and circulars apply by letter or otherwise to CHAS. B. LORE, Wilmington, Del. JOSEPH A. LORD, Odessa, Del. A. H. LORD, Upper Trappe, Wicomico county, Md.

☞ Cut this out for reference.

sept. 4—3m.

A NEW LOT OF STOVES JUST RECEIVED, AT ROTHWELL'S STOVE STORE.

Oct. 2—tf.

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

STANDARD GUARANTEED,

For sale at Manufacturers' Depots.

No. 110 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE, FIVE DOORS BELOW CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,

AND

No. 95 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE,

And by dealers in general throughout the country

THE Sombrero Guano of which Moro Phillips' Phosphate is and always has been manufactured, (and of which he has sole control for the United States) contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable.

A large percentage is Soluble, and will immediately yield its nourishment.

The Ammonia it contains is pure and ready to yield its value—not animal matter, capable of yielding its ammonia after decomposition in the soil.

Nothing is spared in its manufacture to render it the most valuable Super-Phosphate and Crop Producer in the market.

Eight years' experience has proved to the farmer that it is durable and can always be relied on as uniform in quality; and the numerous unsolicited testimonials continually received of its use in competition with other Fertilizers, fully attest that it has not been excelled.

Price $56 per Ton of 2,000 Pounds. Discount to Dealers.

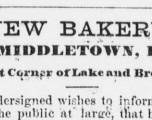
Moro Phillips,

SOLE PROPRIETOR & MANUFACTURER.

For sale by A. T. Bradley,

June 26—6mos— Middletown, Del.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE Super Phosphate of Lime.



STANDARD WARRANTED.

WE offer to Farmers, the present Fall season, BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME as being highly improved.

Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, is as its name indicates, prepared by dissolving Raw Bones in Oil of Vitriol—that is, Bones that have not been deprived of their organic matter—the grease and glue—by burning or baking. It therefore, presents to the use of the Farmer all the valuable properties of Raw Bones in a highly concentrated form—rendering it at once quick in action and very permanent.

Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established, the PHOSPHATE may be procured directly from the undersigned.

BAUGH & SONS, Manufacturers,

Office, No. 20 S. Del. Avenue,

July 17—3mo. PHILADELPHIA.

WILMINGTON Commission House.

J. L. HOUSTON,

PROPRIETOR of the Wilmington Tea House, has also opened a COMMISSION HOUSE, adjoining, for the sale of

Cereals, Fruits, all kinds of Berries, Peaches, Apples, Pears,

NEW POTATOES, POULTRY, EGGS, GRAIN,

And all the productions of our Farmers, Gardeners, and Nurserymen, and flatters himself that he can furnish a market for these nearer home and more advantageous than can be had in more distant cities, saving double freightage and two or three commissions to producers, traders and consumers, and a Reliable House, Quick Sales, and Sure Returns.

His House is said to be most eligible, ample accommodations, airy, and finely adapted to the sale of Home Productions, and the preservation of perishable fruits.

As the Peach World will be pressing, and the sale immense, it may be well that those who wish the services of this House should make previous engagements, as engagements will be many; and it is desired, so that they may be prepared for the market; and they will not sell the inferior productions without the good and the best.

Address J. L. HOUSTON,

Commission House,

420 Market st. cor. of 5th, Wilmington, Del.

June 19—y

NEW BAKERY,

IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has commenced the Baking Business in all its departments, and will keep constantly on hand,

Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,

And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all sorts of Cakes at short notice.

He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to the business.

He will also continue the Painting Business in all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.

March 6, 1869—tf

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, nearly opposite Walker's Hotel,

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

Dec. 12—tf.

J. HERMANN'S

Monumental Marble Works,

Corner Delaware and Union Streets,

NEW CASTLE, DEL.

Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,

Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms.

REFERENCES.

M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELIASON.

Sept. 4—tf

J. STEWART DEPUY,

253 *South Second Street, above Spruce,*

PHILADELPHIA,

NOW offers an unusual assortment of *CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, MATTINGS, &c. &c.* at very reduced prices, to his friends and the public.

Aug 28—3m

OLD NEWSPAPERS, a cheap and convenient Wrapping Paper, for sale at this office.

BANKING HOUSE OF John McLear & Son,

607 Market St. Wilmington, Del.

ESTABLISHED, 1848.

WE are offering for sale the Six per. Cent Bonds of the City of Wilmington, at par, in sums of $50, $100, $500, and $1000. Interest payable April and October. Registered Certificates.

The City Loans of Wilmington have always been highly esteemed as an investment, and the rapid growth and general prosperity of the city make them more than ever desirable.

We continue to transact a general banking and brokerage business, and are continually enlarging our facilities.

Money received on deposit and returned on demand with interest. Parties keeping accounts with us may draw checks on us payable at sight, precisely as in the case of banks.

Drafts on England, Ireland, Germany and other countries drawn.

Parties desiring to invest money in bond and mortgage, are invited to examine our list of securities of this class.

Passage tickets from Europe, by all good lines sold.

Government Securities taken in exchange for any other scurities at the highest market rates.

JOHN McLEAR & SON.

June 5th, 1869—tf.

REGISTER'S ORDER,

REGISTER'S OFFICE, New Castle County, September 2nd, 1869.

Upon the application of Francis T. Perry and Thomas Cavender, Administrators of William M. Vandegrift, late of Appoquinimink Hundred in said county, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrators aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of the granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places in the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written. {L. S.}

R. C. FRAIM, REGISTER.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Administrators on or before September 2d, 1870, or abide the Act of Assemblyin such case made and provided.

FRANCIS T. PERRY, } Administrators.
THOS. CAVENDER. }

Address of F. T. Perry, Odessa, Del. Address of Thomas Cavender, Middletown, Del.

READ, READ, READ.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, calls the attention of the Farmers to the following. Intending to devote his whole attention to the

GRAIN BUSINESS,

Will pay, on order of Messrs. William Lea & Sons, at Brandywine Mills, or Elihu Jefferson, New Castle, Del. the highest price for all Grain delivered on Del. R. R. or Del. waters, the parties themselves being responsible for the payment for all grain bought on their account.

Will fill all orders for RAMBO'S and WHITE'S LIME with promptness. Also, will pay particular attention to shipping grain for farmers on their own account, making prompt return of sales, and collecting the money for them.

Will fill all orders for the following Fertilizers:

Moro Philips' Super-Phosphate,

RHODES' SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

BAUGHS' RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

ELLIS' SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

PACIFIC & PERUVIAN GUANOS.

Also will furnish Clover and Timothy Seed at the shortest notice.

Can give the best references as to ability.

A. T. BRADLEY,

July 3—1y Middletown, Del.

Farmers, Take Notice!

THE undersigned having obtained Letters Patent for an "Improvement in Grain Drill" for the purpose of Sowing Phosphate, Guano, and other Fertilizers, dated Oct. 27, 1868, & confirmed by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, July 10, 1869, would respectfully inform the Farming Community that he has made arrangements to furnish to them the

DELAWARE PHOSPHATE DRILL,

Grain and Phosphate Drill Combined.

The Phosphate Arrangement can be attached to any common grain drill that has been in use. There were 71 sold last year in this neigborhood which gave entire satisfaction, and were pronounced by those who used them to be the best Phosphate Sower that has ever been introduced into this country.

Farmers wishing to procure these Drills must apply early, as, owing to the lateness of the season, only a limited number will be offered. For further information apply to

W. N. HAMILTON, M. D.

July 24—tf Odessa, Delaware.

AMERICAN & SWISS WATCHES.

M. E. DICKSON,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

ASKS attention to his fine selected stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Of the latest Styles and the best Factory make.

Silver Ware.

Sterling Silver Spoons, Forks, and Butter Knives, which will be sold at a very small advance.

☞ Particular attention paid to repairing Fine Watches and Jewelry.

March 6—tf

H. McCOY. WM. A. RAISIN.

McCOY & RAISIN,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 73 SOUTH STREET,

OPPOSITE CORN EXCHANGE,

BALTIMORE.

WE refer to the following among our patrons in Kent county Maryland:

Judge Jos. A. Wickes,	Hon. Samuel Comegys,
Hon. Wm. Welch,	George D. S. Handy,
William B. Wilmer,	George T. Hollyday,
Jervis Spencer,	Dr. Samuel A. Beck.

June 19—y

PEACH TREES,

VERY LARGE AND THRIFTY,

OF LEADING VARIETIES, AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED. ☜

BIDDLE & HAYS,

July 31—6m. Cecilton, Md.

Select Poetry.

THE PARTING OF SUMMER.

BY MRS. HEMANS.

Thou'rt bearing hence thy roses,
Glad summer; fare thee well!
Thou'rt singing thy last melodies
In every wood and dell;
But ere the golden sunset
Of thy latest lingering day,
O! tell me o'er this checkered earth
How hast thou passed away?

Brightly, sweet summer! brightly
Thine hours have floated by
To the joyous birds of the woodland boughs—
The ranges of the sky:
And brightly 'midst the garden flowers,
To the happy, murmuring bee:
But how to human bosoms,
With all their hopes and fears
And thoughts that make them eagle wings
To pierce the unborn years?

Sweet summer! to the captive
Thou has flown in burning dreams
Of the woods with all their hopes and leaves,
And the blue, rejoicing streams.
To the wasted and the weary,
On the bed of sickness bound;
In sweet, delirious fantasies,
That charged with every sound:
To the sailor on the billows,
In longing wild and vain
For the gushing founts, and breezy hills,
And the homes of earth again.

And unto me glad Summer!
How hast thou flown to me?
My chainless footsteps naught have kept
From thy haunts of song and glee.
Thou hast flown in wayward visions,
In memories of the dead—
In shadows from a troubled heart,
O'er a sunny pathway shed;
In brief and sudden strivings
To fling a weight aside:
'Midst these thy melodies have ceased,
And all thy roses died!

But O! thou gentle summer!
If I greet thy flowers once more,
Bring me again the buoyancy,
Wherewith my soul should soar.
Give me to hail thy sunshine
With song and spirit free;
Or in a purer land than this
May our next meeting be!

HOW TO MAKE MONEY.

BY FITZ-GREENE HALLECK.

I will tell you a plan for gaining wealth,
Better than banking, trading, or leases:
Take a bank-note and fold it up,
And then you will find your wealth *increases*.

This wonderful plan without danger or loss
Keeps your cash in your hand and with nothing to trouble it,
And every time that you fold it across,
'Tis plain as the light of the day that you double it.

Our Olio.

THE OLDEST CITY IN THE WORLD.

Damascus is the oldest city in the world.—Tyre and Sidon have crumbled on the shore; Baalbec is a ruin; Palmyra is buried in the desert; Nineveh and Babylon have disappeared from the Tigris and Euphrates. Damascus remains what it was in the days before Abraham—a centre of trade and travel—an island of verdure in the desert—"a presidential capital," with martial and sacred associations extending through thirty centuries. It was near Damascus that Saul of Tarsus saw the light above the brightness of the sun; the street which is called Strait, in which it is said "he prayed," still runs through the city. The caravan comes and goes as it did a thousand years ago; there is still the sheik, the ass and the waterwheel; the merchants of the Euphrates and the Mediterranean still "occupy" these "with the multitude of their wares." The city which Mahomet surveyed from a neighboring height and was afraid to enter "because it was given to man to have but one paradise, and for his part he was resolved not to have it in this world," is to-day what Julian called the "eye of the East," as it was in the time Isaiah of "the head of Syria."

From Damascus came the damson, our blue plums, and the delicious apricot of Portugal, called damasco, damask; our beautiful fabricks of cotton and silk, with vines and flowers raised upon a smooth, bright ground; the damask rose introduced into England at the time of Henry VIII. the Damascus blade, so famous the world over for its keen edge and wonderful elasticity, the secret of the manufacture of which was lost when Tamerlee carried off the artist into Persia; and that beautiful art of inlaying wood and steel with silver and gold, a kind of mosaic engraving and sculpture united, called damaskening, with which boxes, bureaus, swords and guns are ornamented. It is still a city of flowers and bright waters; the streams of Lebanon and the "river of gold" still murmur and sparkle in the wilderness of the Syrian gardens.

THE OLD DECANTER.—There was an old decanter, and its mouth was gaping wide; the rosy wine had ebbed away and left its crystal side; and the wind went humming, humming up and down the sides it flew, and through the reed-like hollow neck the wildest notes it blew. I placed it in the window where the blast was blowing free; and fancied that its pale mouth sang the queerest strains to me. "They tell me, puny conquerors! the plague has slain his ten, and war his hundred thousands of the very best of men; but I," 'twas thus the bottle spoke, "but I have conquered more than all your famous conquerors, so feared and famed of yore. Then come, ye, youths and maidens, come drink from out my cup the beverage that dulls the brain and dries the spirit up; that puts to shame the conquerors that slay their scores below, for this has deluged millions with the lava tide of woe. Though in the path of battle darkest waves of blood may roll, yet while I killed the body I have damn'd the very soul. The cholera, the deadly sword such ruin never wrought, as I, in mirth or malice, on the innocent have brought: and still I breathe upon them, and they shrink before my breath, and year by year my thousands tread the gloomy road to death.

Prentice says man was the chief consideration at the creation. Woman was only a "side issue."

NORTHERN NECK, VA.

FARNHAM, Va. July, 1869.

EDITOR OF THE TRANSCRIPT,—Please insert the following in your valuable paper in reply to the inquiries made by letters from Maine, New York, New Jersey and Michigan, concerning this region. The soil of the Northern Neck of Va. composed of the five counties situated between the Rappahannock and Potomac rivers, is naturally good, and nearly uniform, being a sandy loam, well suited to the growth of sweet potatoes, melons and all early and late vegetables; if well managed will grow two crops of some kinds in one year. Some fields are in good condition, producing well, some are worn, having been long tilled in wheat and corn, and no grass seed used to keep the land in heart. These worn fields when left out, soon grow up in brush, and when fertilized with anything that returns strength is susceptible of quick and lasting improvement. Our locality is not swampy nor unhealthy. Some of it quite rolly but not mountainous, is free from stone, easily tilled, and is adapted to raising grapes, (for they grow spontaneously,) peaches, apples, figs, sugar-cane, cotton, tobacco, ground-nuts, &c. Wheat, Indian and broom corn, rye, oats, clover, hops, all grow and mature well here, and are far more easily grown than in that part of New York from which I moved, (Schoharie co.) where land sells for many times the price that is asked for it here. In my opinion, the same force of teams, &c. can work 150 acres as easy as 100 in many parts of the North, and believe the same amount as well cultivated (taking the difference of climate,) would nourish at least one-third more animal life the whole year, for sheep here need little or no feed given them at any time.

The climate is mild and healthful, temperature rarely reaching over ninety degrees in summer or descending far below freezing point in winter. Mills, navigation, &c. are not long impeded by ice in this climate. There are several nice mill streams coursing through these counties, fed by beautiful runs from almost every farm headed by cool and durable springs. Water in wells is invariably soft, grain and lumber mills are convenient, but more mechanics and machinery are needed and might do well. At least one third of our country of Northern Neck is covered with first growth of timber, pine, white, red and black oak, chestnut, poplar, black walnut, hickory and cedar. There was but little destruction to building timber or fence by the late war. Farming here never has had the attention that it has at the North and farms have been more neglected since 1860 than before, but now many of the Southern people are taking hold with the Northern settlers to improve and develop the country. The buildings are most of them old fashioned, but many of them are quite good, and fence would often cost more than is asked for the farm. In all this vicinity there is a good moral and even religious state of society. Sabbaths are regarded, its schools well attended the Farnham sunday schools having in usual attendance over 60 scholars. Good schools where all the common as well as some of the higher branches are taught are supported by the people. White and colored schools are separate. To those that inquire concerning the safety of moving here I would say that I am a plain speaking union man—believe in one country, one flag and in republican government, equal rights and justice being extended to all, and we have received very kind treatment from all we meet, and a hearty welcome to their homes. All seem anxious to make us comfortable and contented, which you all know is necessary to enjoyment everywhere. Although a native of the Empire State, and dearly attached to home, friends, &c. there, yet the inducements of climate, soil, and low price of lands, ease and nearness to market, &c. caused me to decide on becoming a Virginian, and the decision is very satisfactory still. Now, farmers and all enterprising people of the North, may do a favor to such as are anxious and obliged to sell, (from the effects of the late war) and yourselves a great favor by coming and buying a home in Virginia. There is plenty of land for sale, and in the Northern Neck it is selling from $3 to $40 per acre. Homes from village lots to 50 acres and 100 and 200 acres up to 1000 acres, can be had here. The large farms, usually, are in best condition, and have most improvements. Do not be afraid to invest in good real estate, now while it is low and advancing. I well remember a tract of land was offered my father for $100; he has since paid much more for a part, and the whole cannot be bought for $2500 to-day. Timber enough has been taken off to put the improvements on, and last Winter an uncle in western New York was grieving for not having bought land as an investment. Now, investments in Woolen and Cotton mills, in Sash and Blind factories, in Shingle and Lathe mills, are needed here and would, doubtless, pay well. Come and see that you had better leave the crowded States, and purchase a home of as good, if not better, land in a more mild and healthful climate, make your improvements, (good material is at hand) and see Cities and Towns spring up around you.

Readers, a full descriptive catalogue of particulars can be obtained by writing to Wm. H. Newton & Co. No. 23 Lexington Street, Baltimore, Maryland. They are gentlemen, doing an extensive business in the land agency, and give entire satisfaction to all parties. Come and see these gentlemen, and they will furnish you with letters of introduction to owners of land, and a guarantee, *free of charge*. Parties wishing to visit the Northern Neck will leave Baltimore on Tuesdays and Fridays for the Rappahannock river, and on Mondays, Tuesdays, and Saturdays for the Potomac. Fare, only $3. The horses, oxen, and cows kept here since the war, are not of the first-class, but can be bought cheap for cash. Yours truly,

O. M. DUNCAN.

When Patrick first tried peaches, he said he liked the flavor but the seeds lay hard on his stomach.

At a recent marriage in London, the service lasted two hours.

Delaware Rail Road Lnie

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after MONDAY, July 12th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows, until further notice:

ALL TRAINS SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

NORTH.

Leave Crisfield,		7 00 A. M.
" Marion,		7 40
" Kingston,		8 05
" Westover,		8 30
" Prin. Anne,		9 10
" Eden		9 40
" Forktown		10 00
" Salisbury		10 30
" Delmar		10 45
" Laurel		11 05
" Seaford		11 30
" Bridgeville		11 50
" Greenwood		12 00 M.
" Farmington		12 15 P. M.
" Harrington	7 00 A. M.	12 35
" Felton	7 15	12 50
" Plymouth	7 20	1 00
" Canterbury	7 20	1 00
" Wil. Grove	7 25	1 05
" Camden	7 35	1 15
" Dover	7 50	1 30
" Moorton	8 05	1 45
" Brenford	8 10	1 55
" Smyrna	8 05	1 50
" Clayton	8 20	2 05
" Sassafras R'd	8 25	2 10
" Blackbird	8 35	2 20
" Townsend	8 40	2 30
" Middleto'n	9 00	2 45
" Mt Pleasant	9 10	2 55
" St Georges	9 25	3 10
" Bear	9 35	3 25
" New Castle	9 55	3 45
Arrive Wilm.	10 15	4 05
" Philad'a	11 45 A. M.	5 40 P.M.
" Baltimore	1 15 P. M.	8 10 "

SOUTH.

Leave Philad'a	8 30 A. M.	5 00 P. M.
" Baltimore	7 25	2 25
" Wilm	10 10	6 25
" New Castle	10 30	6 45
" Bear	10 50	7 00
" St Georges	11 00	7 15
" Mt Pleasant	11 15	7 30
" Middletown,	11 35	7 50
" Townsend	11 45	8 00
" Blackbird	11 50	8 05
" Sassafras	12 00 M.	8 15
" Clayton	12 05 P. M.	8 20
Arrive Smyrna	12 15	8 30
Leave Brenford	12 10	8 25
" Moorton	12 20	8 35
" Dover	12 40	8 55
" Camden	12 50	9 05
" Wil. Grove	1 05	9 15
" Canterbury	1 10	9 20
" Plymouth	1 10	9 20
" Felton	1 20	9 30
" Harrington	1 40	9 45 P. M.
" Farmington	1 55	
" Greenwood	2 05	
" Bridgeville	2 15	
" Seaford	2 35	
" Laurel	2 55	
" Delmar	3 10	
" Salisbury	3 45	
" Forktown	4 10	
" Eden	4 30	
" Prin. Anne	5 15	
" Westover	5 40	
" Kingston	6 00	
" Marion	6 20	
Arrive Crisfield	6 45 P. M.	

Freight Train with Passenger Car attached, will leave Stations named at the following Changed Hours, (subject to delays incident to freight business,) viz:—Going South, leave Wilmington about 3 00 A. M.; New Castle, 4 00; Middletown, 6 00; Clayton, 7 15; Dover, 8 50; Camden, 9 10; Felton, 10 05; and be due at Harrington 10 30 A. M.

Going North, leave Harrington about 3 20 P. M. Felton, 4 00 Camden, 5 05, Dover, 5 45, Moorton, 6 10, Clayton, 7 00, Middletown, 8 45, New Castle, 10 30, and be due at Wilmington, about 11 00 P. M. This train will stop to take up Passengers only at Stations named, but will set down Passengers at any regular stopping place between Harrington and Wilmington, Except Hare's Corner, State Road, Del. Junction and Dupont.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.—Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7 40 A. M.—Leave Philadelphia 11 45 A. M., and Wilmington 1 00 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.—Additional to those above leave Smyrna for Clayton 11 45 A. M. and 8 10 P. M. Leave Clayton for Smyrna, 8 40 A. M. and 2.10 P. M. to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations South.

Steamboat Trains heretofore run are withdrawn. A Boat will, however, leave Crisfield for Norfolk, in connection with Local Train, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday Evenings.

E. Q. SEWALL,
April 18. Superintendent Delaware R. R.

THE DELAWARE
Mutual Life Insurance Company.

Guarantee Capital $100,000.00.

HOME OFFICE--EXCHANGE BUILDING
Cor. 7th & Market Sts.

Wilmington, Delaware.

THE Pioneer Mutual Company in adopting Rates of Premiums based on American experience of mortality and interest.

Premiums lower than any other Mutual Company.

Purely mutual. All the profits divided among the Policy-Holders. There are no stockholders in this company.

All Policies non-forfeiting. Not after two years, but after the first annual payment.

All kinds of policies issued. Ordinary Life. Ten Year Plan. Single Payment and Instalment. All kinds of Endowment Tables. Return Premium Table. Joint Life Table. Children's Endowment Table.

Premiums payable in one payment, in Five, Ten, Fifteen or Twenty Instalments, or during Life. Payments received annually, semi-annually, or quarterly. All payments required in *Cash*.

Dividends on the "*Contribution Plan.*" It will be observed that the reduction of rates is equivalent to a *Dividend in Advance of at least thirty-three and one-third per cent.*

The Loan feature is entirely original with this company—for full explanation send for the company's publications.

TABLE OF RATES

And any information required promptly furnished on application to the Home Office, or to any of the Company's Agents.

JOHN P. McLEAR, President,
GEO. W. STONE, Vice President,
M. M. CHILD, Secretary,
BENJ. NIELDS, Counsel & Actuary,
D. W. MAULL, Chief Medical Examiner.

TRUSTEES.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft Jr.
William Bush,	George W. Bush,
John V. Rice,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
Job H. Jackson,	Henry F. Pickels,
Clement B. Smyth,	Thomas D. Webb,
William Canby,	William H. Swift,
William S. Hilles,	Edw. Bringhurst, Jr.
James Morrow,	J. H. Adams,
Lewis P. Bush, M. D.	H. B. Seidel,
	James Bradford.

DIRECTORS.

John P. McLear,	Samuel Brancroft, jr.
William Bush,	Ed. Bringhurst, jr.
Thos. W. Webb,	Wm. G. Gibbons,
William Canby	George W. Stone,
Geo. W. Bush,	Jno. V. Rice,
William S. Hilles,	W. H. Swift.

J. THOMAS BUDD, Agent,
July 31—1y Middletown, Delaware.

$1140 How I made it in six months. Secret and sample mailed free.
Oct. 9—3m A. J. FULLAM, N. Y.

LOOK AT THIS.
LOOK AT THIS.
S. R. STEPHENS & Co's.

NEW WHOLESALE & RETAIL STORE.

GOODS at PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

HAVING Just returned from the city with a large and splendid assortment of

SPRING GOODS,

FROM AUCTION AND FIRST HANDS,

BOUGPT AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

Comprising in part a large stock of

CARPETS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS,
CLOTHING, &c.

Also

CANNED FRUITS, PICKLES,

And all Goods usually kept in a First Class Country Store, which we are prepared to sell very low for Cash, or Country Produce.

☞ Buyers would do well to give us a call.

SAML. R. STEPHENS & Co.
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

April 10—1y

BOOK, STATIONERY, AND VARIETY STORE.

SCHOOL BOOKS and Miscellaneous Works, Bibles, Prayer Books and Hymn Books, Blank Books, in various styles and binding; Tuck, Memorandum and Pass Books.

STATIONERY.

Writing, Letter, and Note Paper,
Envelopes, in variety;
Mourning Paper and Envelopes to match.

FANCY ARTICLES.

Photograph Albums, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Writing Desks, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books, Port Folios, Purses, Port Monaies, Segar Cases, Picture Frames, Tassel and Cords, Looking Glasses,

BACK GAMMON BOARDS, CHESS AND CHECKER MEN, GAMES of all KINDS.

Rubber Pencils and Penholders,
Writing Fluid and Ink Stands,
Pocket Cutlery, Roger's Scissors, &c.
Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Breast Pins, Finger Rings,
Spectacles,
Violin Strings,
Combs, Brushes, Nail and Tooth Brushes,
Gum Bands, Watch Keys, Key Rings,
and Puff Boxes.

A fine assortment of Colgate & Co's. Soap.

PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS,

Wright's and Taylor's Superior Extracts,

Pomades, Hair Oils,

And Dental Soap of the First Quality.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Neck Ties of various styles, Bismarck Collars, Gloves, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs, Wristlets.

Segars, Tobacco Pipes, Meerschaums, and Tobacco Pouches.
Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Wicks and Coal Oil.

NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

New York Ledger, Harper's Weekly, Bazaar and Magazine, Frank Leslie, Chimney Corner, Weekly, Girls and Boys Weekly, Gleason's Literary Companion, &c.

Godey's Peterson's, Atlantic, Arthur's, Galaxy and Mm'e Demorest's Magazines.

D. L. DUNNING,
No. 2 Town Hall,
Jan. 30—1y Middletown, Del.

CARRIAGES,

CARRIAGES, CARRIAGES.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN,

DELAWARE,

☞ MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS OF

CARRIAGES.

ALL WORK FROM THIS ESTABLISHMENT

WARRANTED

TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

Repairing promptly attended to,
March 13—6mos.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES H. COLLINS

Announces to the public that he is still engaged in manufacturing Boots and Shoes, at the

Cor. of Broad & Lake Sts. Middletown,

Nearly opposite the Academy.

Special attention given to Repairing, and all work finished with neatness and despatch.

☞ Ready-made Work always on hand. Give him a call,
sept 25—tf

ATTEND TO YOUR TEETH.

FEW persons are properly impressed with the importance of giving early attention to decaying teeth. The health is often affected by them, to say nothing of the inconvenience and suffering, which they produce. It is important to have all caries promptly arrested. If treated in time most teeth may be preserved.

Teeth Extracted Without Pain,

by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, a harmless and pleasant anesthetic.

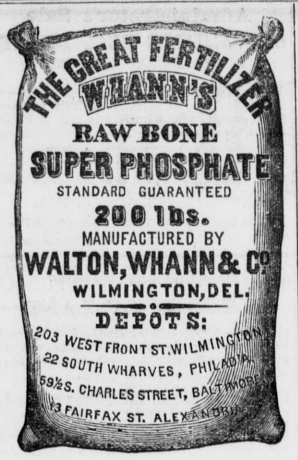
J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
May 9-tf Middletown, Del.

Notice To Tax-Payers.

NOTICE is hereby given that leniency has ceased and action is required to meet the demands of the county; and Tax-Payers are asked to come forward, in this month, and settle, or they will be liable to additional percentage, for I intend to settle up before winter.

sept. 18—tf GEO. W. INGRAM.

HANGING BASKETS, Earthen and Wire, For Sale at ROTHWELL'S New Store,
May 29 Main street, Middletown, Del.



PROMPT,
ACTIVE,
RELIABLE,

A Great Crop Producer and Thorough Renovator of worn out lands.

For Sale by **E. T. EVANS,**
Middletown, Del.

Middletown, Del. Feb. 28, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I used Whann's Raw Bone Super-Phosphate on my corn last spring, and on my wheat in the fall. In each case it produced an excellent crop. Wishing to determine which of the different phosphates would pay me best, I tried several, and am glad to say the yield was much the best where I used Whann's. I shall continue to use it, and cheerfully recommend it to my neighbors.

A. T. STOOPS.

Middletown, Del. March 17, 1868.

MESSRS. WALTON, WHANN & Co.—*Gentlemen*: I have been using Whann's Phosphate for some time past alongside of the popular fertilizers, and have come to the conclusion it is as good as any other. I am going to use ten tons this spring.

Yours truly, HENRY CLAYTON.
March 27—1y

BALTIMORE FEMALE COLLEGE.

THIS Institution, the only Female College in Maryland, was incorporated in 1849, and liberally endowed by the State in 1860. It affords Boarders and Day Pupils every advantage to acquire a thorough and accomplished education. It has a good Library, Chemical and Philosophical apparatus, and valuable Cabinets of Minerals, Gems, Coins and Medals. Besides pupils from the different counties in Maryland, it has an extensive patronage from the Middle, Southern and Western States.

Session opens September 6th.

FACULTY OF INSTRUCTION.

N. C. BROOKS, LL. D. Prof. Ancient Languages.
T. LUCY, A. M. Professor of Mathematics, &c.
Mons. LOUIS GANBIN, A. M. Prof. of French.
Mr. LEWIS LAUER, Prof. of German.
Mr. G. A. GNOSSPELINS, Prof. of Music.
Mr. VAN REUTH, Prof. of Painting.
Miss M. S. COVINGTON, Mathematics & History.
Miss M. B. MOON, Belles-Letters and Physiology. Late Principal of Female Institute, Sumter, S. C.
Miss IMOGEN H. SIMMONS, Piano and Singing. Late Musical Directress State Female College, Memphis, Tenn.
Mrs. E. A. POLSTER, Piano and Guitar.
Mrs. JULIET WORKMAN, Vocal Music.

For Catalogues or any information, address
July 31—3m* N. C. BROOKS, President.

MIDDLETOWN STOVE HOUSE.

S. W. ROBERTS.

TAKES pleasure in announcing to his friends of Middletown and surrounding country that the liberal patronge he has received has induced him to offer to the public the greatest variety, and best selected stock of Stoves, for Cooking and Heating, ever offered in Middletown and at prices that cannot fail to please. Among the assortment are the following

COOK STOVES.

NIAGARA, NOBLE COOK, MONITOR
CORAL COOK, WM. PENN, LEHIGH,
and others made in the city.

PARLOR STOVES.

BRILLIANT, DEW DROP,
GAS BURNING BASE, UNION AIR TIGHT
GEM, OUR PARLOR.
Also, SEXTON'S PARLOR HEATERS.

Stoves of all kinds suitable for Stores, Offices, Bar-rooms, and School Houses.

Also, the Morning Glory and the Oriental, both unsurpassed in beauty and efficiency. They can be seen in operation at the store of the proprietor.

All sizes of Bar-room Stoves and Ten-plate Stoves repaired at short notice.

Old Stoves taken in exchange.

☞ TIN WARE at wholesale and retail. ☜

As I have practical workmen employed, I think I can give satisfaction to all who favor me with their work. Particular attention paid to Roofing and Spouting.

S. W. ROBERTS.
Middletown, January 4, 1868—1y

BRAND-NEW
Cigar and Tobacco Store!!
IN MIDDLETOWN.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform his friends of Middletown and vicinity, that he has opened a

CIGAR ANB TOBACCO STORE,

On Main Street, one door east of the National Hotel, Middletown, Delaware, where Smokers and Chewers can always be accommodated with Cigars and Tobacco, of a superior quality, and at very low prices.

☞ Call in and try our selections.

Having procured a first-class segar maker he has begun the manufacturing of segars, and is prepared to supply the trade at city prices.

JOHN T. HAYES,
June 5—6mo. Middletown, Del.

DRAIN TILE.

WITH Improved Machinery and New Dies, we are now prepared to furnish at the shortest notice.

DRAIN TILE,

(Round with Collars and Egg-shaped with sole) from Two to Seven Inches Calibre, superior to any in the market. Also

BRANCH JOINTS Y SHAPED & SILT BASINS,

As recommended by "Waring" in his Work on Underdraining. We also manufacture

Bricks and Earthenware,

☞ Liberal discount made to Dealers.

Please address for price, &c.

ALVAN ALLEN. } ALLEN & BELL,
W. M. BELL. } Smyrna, Delaware.
May 15—1y.

LUMBER. LUMBER.

THE subscribers offer to the citizens of Middletown and surrounding country their thanks for the very liberal patronage they have received and embrace this medium in announcing to all builders and contractors and those in want o Lumber, that they are prepared to supply them on the most liberal terms. We have reduced our price, as the market has demanded, and we think that they will compare with the city prices. Our stock is very large, embracing a full assortment of

SPRUCE,
HEMLOCK,
AND OAK FRAMING STUFF,
ALL SIZES.
WHITE PINE BOARDS,
HEMLOCK "
OAK PLANK,
WHITE PINE DO
WHITE PINE SIDING.
YELLOW PINE FLOORING,
HEMLOCK "
PLASTERING LATHES.
SPRUCE AND CYPRESS SHINGLES
PLAIN AND FANCY PICKETING.
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
Building Hardware,
☞ NAILS AND SPECIALITIES. ☜

BRICKS,

CALCINE PLASTER, LIME & HAIR

HEWES' PHOSPHATE.

PAINTS, OIL, TURPENTINE,

VARNISH, DRY JAPAN, GLASS.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

On the Railroad, above the National Hotel.
January 25—tf

Rhodes Super Phosphate
THE STANDARD MANURE
MANUFACTURED BY
POTTS & KLETT,
Camden, New Jersey.

THE ATTENTION OF FARMERS IS ESPECIALLY CALLED TO THE

RHODES SUPER PHOSPHATE,

As the most valuable and reliable manure for Wheat and Grass, as well as for other crops, as attested by an experience of fifteen years.

This long established and standard manure is prepared expressly for DRILLING, and particular care is taken to maintain the high reputation it has obtained.

ORCHILLA GUANO.
AA.
A True Bird Guano,

RICH IN PHOSPHATES AND ALKALINE SALTS,

Substitute for Ground Raw Bones.

Price,.....$30 per Ton, of 2000 lbs.

For Sale by Dealers, and by

YARNALL & TRIMBLE,

Wholesale Agents for Penn. New Jersey & Del.
418 SOUTH WHARVES, PHILADELPHIA.
July 17—3mos.

PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!
LONDON
BLOOD PANACEA.
The Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

For the cure of SCROFULA OR KING'S EVIL, CUTANEOUS DISEASES, ERYSIPELAS, BOILS, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES on the FACE, SORE EYES, YELLOW JAUNDICE, WHITE SWELLINGS, MERCURIAL DISEASES, GENERAL DEBILITY, PALPITATION and FLUTTERING at the HEART, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, SYPHILIS and SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, BLADDER and KIDNEY DISEASES, GRAVEL, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, LIVER COMPLAINT, SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, &c. To the broken down female it gives life and energy by restoring the lost powers of nature. Persons all weakness and lassitude, by using the PANACEA are soon restored to perfect health, bloom and vigor. Try it.

Price $1.00 Per Bottle.

S. A. FOUTZ,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by druggists and storekeepers throughout the United States.

For sale by **W. H. Barr,**
May 8—1y Middletown, Del.

ENGEL, ROTHERMEL & CO.
SHIPPERS AND DEALERS IN
COAL

Schuylkill Navigation Wharves, Windmill Island, Delaware River, opposite Lombard Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICES, 108 Walnut St, 308 S. Del. Avenue.

COAL supplied in vessels, in large or small quantities, or lots to suit purchasers.
April 10, 1869—3m

FOR SALE.
100,000 Healthy Peach Trees,
OF CHOICE VARIETIES.

☞ *Send For Price Lists, &c.*

E. R. COCHRAN,
Middletow, Del.
sept. 18—6m*

PEACH TREES.

A splendid lot of Peach Trees raised from Carolina

NATURAL FRUIT SEED

Of the best market varieties. Also all other kinds Nursery stock at

WAWASET NURSERIES.

EDWARD TATNAL,
aug. 21—3m Wilmington, Del.

PATENT CLOTHES HORSES, an indispensible household article, for sale at
ROTHWELL'S
June 19—tf Main St. Middletown, Del.

BOWER'S
COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, CHEMIST,

PHILADELPHIA.

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash,

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

THIS Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who have used it, also by distinguished Chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in bags of 200 pounds each,

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.
AGENTS,
39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

For sale by WM. REYNOLDS,
79 South Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Also by JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

And by dealers generally throughout the country.

For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia. Jan. 9, 1869—1y.

MIDDLETOWN HOTEL.
J. H. WALKER,
Proprietor.

HAVING succeeded Mr. L. R. Davis, in the proprietorship of this well known, long established, and popular establishment, the present proprietor will spare no pains to insure the comfort of his guests, and make his house, as heretofore, the favorite resort of the traveling public. A well filled larder, a well furnished table; comfortable and airy apartments; the choicest brands of Liquors, Cigars, and Tobacco; with a determination to render the fullest satisfaction, combined with attentive waiters, reliable hostlers, and moderate charges, will, he feels assured, secure to him a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon the establishment.

Accommodation for Drovers and Dealers in Horses and Mules can always be secured. A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. JOSEPH H. WALKER,
Oct. 17—1y Successor to L. R. Davis.

DR. J. J. VANDERFORD,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, Del. respectfully announces to the public that he is prepared to perform all operations pertaining to the practice of

DENTISTRY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH Mounted on Dental Vulcanite, a material superior to metals in its adaptability and durability.

Persons having badly adjusted gold plates can have them exchanged for the Vulcanite.

Great care will be given to Children's Teeth; irregularties corrected, and deciduous teeth preserved until the permanent ones make their appearance.

☞ A superior Dentifrice constantly on hand
Office on the corner of Scott and Main streets, formerly occupied by D. L. Dunning.
April 10, 1869—1y

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE,
Middletown, Delaware.

THE undersigned takes this method of notifying the Public that he has opened a

WINE AND LIQUOR STORE

In Middletown, Del. on Wood street, opposite the Depot, where he has on hand a large and varied assortment of Wines and Liquors, in bottles and casks, which he offers on advantageous terms to purchasers at wholesale or retail.

☞ Also, a fine stock of choice TOBACCO AND CIGARS. THOMAS MURRAY,

LIVERY STABLE.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES for hire at the Stables of Thomas Murray, on Scott street. The horses are safe, and careful drivers will be provided when desired. Terms moderate. Apply to THOS. MURRAY.
Jan. 2.—y. At his Store on Wood St.

Middletown Furniture Warerooms.
JOSEPH H. ENOS

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of FURNITURE suitable to the market, consisting of

COTTAGE SUITS,

BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, WASHSTANDS,
Parlor and Dining Room Furniture, &c,
ALSO
FURNISHING UNDERTAKER.

COFFINS of all kinds and styles; Metallic Caskets; Patent Burial Cases to order. Jan. 4—tf

MANSION HOUSE HOTEL,
North West Corner Fayette & St. Paul Sts,
OPPOSITE BARNUM'S CITY HOTEL,
BALTIMORE.
Isaac Alberston ..... Proprietor,

☞ This is one of the most pleasant and central locations in the city.
January 4, 1868—1y

☞ WHOOPING COUGH ☜
CURED BY
DELAVEAU'S CELEBRATED REMEDY.
☞ Price Fifty Cents.
Prepared at Sixth and Wood Sts. Philadelphia.
Ask your Druggist for it.
Mar. 6—1y

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order. Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.

WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
April 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

NOTICE!

W. J. LANK, Auctioneer, has removed to New Castle, Del. Those desiring his services as Auctioneer, will please address him at that place, and their orders will meet with prompt attention.
April 3, 1869—tf

WEDDING RINGS,

No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA,
March 6—tf

JOHN A. REYNOLDS,
NOTARY PUBLIC
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
May 1, 1869.